BOMBAY BRANCH ON THE MAIL

The Bombay Gazette

No. 10,513—NEW SERIES — BOMBAY :—THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1882.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

STEAM to ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, AND MARSEILLES.

THE following or other Steamers will be despatched as above :—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	FRIDAY
— SURAT ..	3142	530	A.W.Adamson	17th Nov.
* HYDASPES ..	2384	500	G. Scrivener	22nd ,,
L. CATHAY ..	2883	560	W. M. Robbie	24th ,,
— KASHGAR ..	2621	450	R. G. Murray	1st Dec.
L. GWALIOR ..	2733	600	M. de Horne ..	8th ,,
— VENETIA ..	2726	500	A. B. Daniell..	15th ,,
L. LOMBARDY ..	2726	500	W. E. Breeze...	22nd ,,
— MALWA ..	2809	500	G. W. Atkinson	29th ,, 1883.
L. BRINDISI ..	3542	550	R. B. Haselwood	5th Jan.
— POONAH ..	3130	6.0	J. B. Chapman .	12th ,,
L. SUTLEJ ..	4194	750	A. H. Johnson .	19th ,,
— SURAT ..	3142	530	A. W. Adams..	26th ,,
L. MIRZAPORE..	3937	600	C. G. Perrins,	2nd Feby.

* Extra Steamer.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock-head, at Mazagon, at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing.

Passengers are booked to ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, and MARSEILLES, by every Mail. The Steamers marked L proceed direct to London calling at Plymouth. By the others passengers change vessels at Suez.

Return Tickets are now issued at reduced rates as under: THREE MONTHS—From date of departure to that of return.

	Via Brindisi, both ways.	Via Brindisi, one way.	Via London, both ways.
First Class ..	Rs. 600	Rs. 1,000	Rs. 1,050
Second Class.	Rs. 500	Rs. 550	Rs. 600
SIX MONTHS—			
First Class ..	Rs. 1,150	Rs. 1,200	Rs. 1,250
Second Class.	Rs. 600	Rs. 650	Rs. 700

STEAM TO PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, KING GEORGE'S SOUND, ADELAIDE, MELBOURNE, AND SYDNEY, CALLING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1882.
MIRZAPORE	3937	600	C. G. Perrins	17th Nov.
ROME	5013	900	G. F. Cates	1st Dec.
THAMES	4101	750	W.D. Anderson	15th ,,
INDUS	3462	600	S. D. Shallard	29th ,, 1883.
ROHILLA	3500	600	W. Barrat	12th Jan.

Return Tickets are now issued :—	1st Class. Rs.	2nd Class. Rs.
To K. George's Sound, Adelaide, Melbourne or Sydney and back (available for nine months)	600	375
To Colombo and back (available for two months)	150	75
To Madras and back (available for two months)	210	105
To Calcutta and back do. ..	330	165
To Penang or Singapore and back (available for three months)	450	225
To Hongkong and back (available for three months)	630	300
To Shanghai or Yokohama and back (available for three months)	810	405

Passengers for Australia change steamers at Colombo.

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 10th November, 1882.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA

FLORIO & RUBATTINO'S
UNITED COMPANIES
(UNDER CONTRACT WITH THE ITALIAN GOVERNMENT.)

THE Regular Mail-steamers leave GENOA on the 24th and BOMBAY on the 1st of each month, calling at LEGHORN, NAPLES, MESSINA, CATANIA, PORT SAID, SUEZ, ADEN and vice versa.

PASSENGERS' RATES FROM BOMBAY

To all Ports of Italy.		To Marseilles.	
I Class ..£ 500	Including	I Class ..£ 520	Including
II do..... 340	wines.	II do..... 350	wines.
III do..... 150	With food.	III do..... 155	With food.

Children under 3 years, free of charge.
Children not above 10 years, half fare.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in 'LONDON FREE OF CHARGE to the extent allowed in the Hand-books. All extra Luggage will be charged for at rates which can be ascertained from the Agent.

The following or other first Class Steamers will leave Bombay :—

CHINA, on Friday.....1st Dec. 1882.
MANILLA, on Friday.....15th Dec. 1882.
RAFFAELE RUBATTINO on Monday.....1st Jan. 1883.

Passengers and heavy baggage are carried on board free of charge, by the Company's steam launch, leaving Apollo Bunder between 10 and 11 a.m.

Through Railway Tickets to London, available for 12 months,

From Genoa,	I Class	Calais Route	£ 95	Brighton Route	£ 80
,,	II do.	do.	.. 70	do.	.. 58
From Naples,	I do.	do.	.. 145	do.	.. 130
,,	II do.	do.	.. 105	do.	.. 93

For Hand-books of Information, rates of Freight, &c., apply to

G. OLCESE,
Acting Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.
Bombay, Nov. 2, 1882.

FRENCH LINE.

CIE NATIONALE DE NAVIGATION.

Regular monthly steamers to Marseilles doing the run in 20 days.

THE new first-class steamer CANTON, 2,017 tons, 450 horse-power, will leave BOMBAY for MARSEILLES direct on the 21st November.

She has, in common with the other new steamers of this Company, splendid accommodation for passengers, being built specially with a view to their comfort, the cabins being roomy and containing two berths only. She carries a Doctor.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

First class to Marseilles, Rs. 500 including wines.
Children under three years of age free of charge.
,, over three and under eight ½ charge.
,, ,, eight and under twelve ¾ ,,

The Railway fares from Marseilles to London are as follows.

Via Calais and Dover (Mail).. .....1st class £ 7 5 0
Via Dieppe .....1st class ,, 5 18 1

Passengers' heavy luggage will be delivered in London free of charge.

The above steamer will be followed by the Colombo leaving 24th December.

For further particulars apply to
Messrs. RALLI BROTHERS,
Agents.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYDS' S. N. Co.

REGULAR LINE OF STEAMERS
BETWEEN BOMBAY AND TRIESTE
VIA CANAL.

STEAM TO ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, AND TRIESTE.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons	HP	To sail
PANDORA (new)...G. Sturli		3,800	550	8th Dec. 1883
BERENICE (new)..P. Crillovich		3,500	550	8th Jan.
HELIOS	A. Tercig	2,000	400	8th Feb

Rates of Passage-money (exclusive of Wines and Spirits, which can be had on board at moderate prices, as under :—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
To Trieste	Rs. 400 ..	..Rs. 280 ..	Rs. 140 0
To Cyprus (via Port Said)	375 ..	295 ..	143 0
To Port Said..	320 ..	255 ..	131 0
To Suez	300 ..	240 ..	122 0
To Aden	170 ..	130 ..	66 8

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons	HP.	To sail
HELIOS	A. Tercig	2,000	400	2nd Dec.

No Cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

INSURANCES effected by the General Insurance Company (Limited), Marine Branch.

For further particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., &c., apply to

J. JANNI, Agent.
Sassoon House, 7, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Oct. 10, 1882.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY AND LIVERPOOL,
CALLING AT MALTA.

THE following sailings have been arranged :—

S.S.	Tons.	H. P.
WERNETH HALL	4,100	500
WISTOW HALL	2,700	400
RYDAL HALL	2,700	400
SPEKE HALL	2,700	400
MERTON HALL	4,100	500

Special terms can be made for passengers leaving during June to November.

These fast Steamers have been specially built and adapted in every way for the Bombay Trade.

Each Steamer carries a SURGEON and STEWARDESS.

For plans, hand-books of information, and other particulars as to Passage apply to EDWARD BATES & Co., and KING, KING and Co.

CARGO.

N.B.—Cargo is carried via Liverpool on favourable terms on through Bills of Lading to London, Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, Antwerp, Ghent, Amsterdam, Rotterdam, Dunkirk, New York, Boston, and Philadelphia.

The shipment of packages from up-country by this line is also undertaken.

EDWARD BATES & Co.,
Agents.
33, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 23rd May, 1882.

NOTICE.

THE BRITISH SHIP OWNERS COMPANY, LIMITED.

THEIR magnificent full-powered Atlantic-going steamer THE BRITISH KING, 3,700 tons Register, Captain Kelly, built of steel by the Celebrated Builders of the White Star Line, will sail hence to Liverpool about the end of November, calling at Port Said only.

Her State Rooms are large, and are reserved for only two passengers in each.

The State Rooms and Saloons are situated amidships where least motion and vibration is felt.

She carries a Doctor and a Stewardess, and has a piano.

Fare Rs. 450.

Intending passengers are invited to inspect the ship.

She is expected to make the passage in 25 days.

For further particulars apply to

KILLICK, NIXON & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, November 14, 1882.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED),
Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR LONDON.

S. S. KHANDALLA, 2,040 Tons, on 19th November, calling at Kurrachee, Aden, Suez, Port Said and Algiers.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. BOOLDANA, 2,823 Tons, on THURSDAY, 16th November, 1882, at 4 p. m., calling at Rutnagherry, Carwar, Mangalore, Cannanore, Tellicherry, Calicut, Beypore, Cochin, Alleppey, Tuticorin, Colombo, Negapatam, Madras, Coconada, Vizagapatam, Bimlipatam, Gopaulpore and False Point. Ports are called at in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. EUPHRATES, 807 Tons, on WEDNESDAY, 22nd November, 1882, at 4 p. m., calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR CUTCH MANDAVIE AND KURRACHEE.

S. S. KHANDALLA, 2,040 Tons, on 19th November, 1882, at 10 a.m.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR, MOZAMBIQUE, INHAMBANE, QUILIMANE AND DELAGOA BAY.

S. S. PACHUMBA, 867 tons, on MONDAY, 27th November, 1882.

N.B.—EXPORTS.—To save shippers the trouble of clearing and shipping, shipments not exceeding five tons will be received, and Bills of Lading granted in exchange at the Offices of the undersigned.

Railway receipts for packages from up-country should be forwarded to the undersigned, who will undertake clearance and shipment.

IMPORTS.—The undersigned undertake the landing, clearing and delivery in Bombay or forwarding by rail or steamer packages by the Company's Steamers. Bills of Lading and particulars of contents and value should be company forwarding instructions.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 15th November, 1882. Agents.

ANCHOR LINE.

S. S. ROUMANIA, 3,395 tons, 500 H.P., Capt. JAS. LAIRD, will SAIL for LIVERPOOL, on the 18th November.

For passages apply to
W. & A. GRAHAM & CO.,
Bombay, 10th Nov., 1882. Agents.

LEVANT AND EASTERN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, Ld.

THE new s. s. ADOWA, 100 A. 1, 1736 tons register, W. F. CARBONE, R. N. R., Commander, will SAIL on Saturday the 18th instant for ADEN, HODEIDAH and JEDDAH, with cargo and passengers.

For particulars apply to
EWART, LATHAM & Co.,
Bombay, 9th November, 1882. Agents.

CLAN LINE OF STEAMERS.

THE S. S. CLAN GRAHAM, 3,000 Tons, gross, will SAIL for MARSEILLES on or about the 15th proximo.

PASSAGE MONEY, Rs. 400.

For further particulars apply to
FINLAY, MUIR & Co.,
Bombay, 3rd November, 1882. Agents.

GRINDLAY, GROOM, AND Co., BOMBAY,
GRINDLAY AND Co., CALCUTTA,

BOOK PASSAGES by P. & O. and all other Steamer without charge for Commission.

N. V. CURRANEE AND Co.,
INDIAN TRANSIT AND GENERAL SHIPPING, FORWARDING, CUSTOM HOUSE
AND
OVERLAND PARCEL AGENTS.
Elphinstone-circle, (opposite the Custom House.)

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ARTISTS' COLOURS
AND
MATERIALS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
Manufactured by
WINSOR and NEWTON,
On sale by their appointed Agents,
TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.
Catalogues free on application.

BASS'S BEER IN WOOD,
IMPORTED DIRECT FROM MESSRS. BASS & Co.

SHIPMENTS of the above, specially selected from the finest brewings, are received fortnightly per mail-steamer.

Per Hogshead, Cash.....Rs. 78
Per Kilderkin, Cash..... 30

TREACHER & Co., LIMITED.

UNSWEETENED GIN,
TREACHER'S SPECIAL IMPORTATION.

A SAFE and WHOLESOME STIMULANT, eminently suited for Indian consumption.

Per case of 1 dozen, cash Rs. 18.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

FINE BORDEAUX CLARET,
Bottled, Capsuled, and Labelled under PRACTICAL EUROPEAN SUPERVISION at Treacher & Company's Wine Cellars, Byculla. Unquestionably the best value in India.

In cases of 1 dozen—Cash Rs. 10.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

ANTISEPTIC DRESSINGS.

Carbolised Bandages.
Carbolised Gauze.
Carbolised Lint.
Carbolised Wool.
Boric Lint.
Boric Wool.
Eucalyptus Gauze.
Iodoform Gauze.
Salicylic Wool.
Absorbent Lint.
Absorbent Wool.
Oiled Silk Protective.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

INDO-AMERICAN TOBACCOS,

SPECIALLY PREPARED from finest selected Virginian Seed Tobacco by professional American manufacturers at the Pusa Tobacco Farms, Tirhoot.

CUT SMOKING MIXTURES.
in ½ lb. and 1 lb. tins.

	Cash Prices.
Golden Leaf Smoking Mixture...per lb. Rs.	2 4
Imperial Smoking Mixture..... ,,	2 0
Bright Smoking Mixture ... ,,	1 8
Dark Smoking Mixture ... ,,	1 4

CAVENDISH IN PLUGS.

Oriental (4 sticks to the pound) ...per lb. Re.	0 12
Regimental (6 sticks to the pound) ,,	0 12

CHEROOTS.

Burmah Shaped.....per box of 100 Rs. 2 0

SOLE AGENTS FOR BOMBAY AND POONA,
TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.

LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.
BY SINA.
PRICE ANNAS 8 PER COPY.
To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.

LESSEE AND MANAGER...HERR BANDMANN.
STAGE MANAGER.....MR. AUGUSTUS GLOVER.

Under the distinguished Patronage of
H. E. THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY.
TO-NIGHT, THURSDAY, NOV. 16.

In consequence of its GRAND SUCCESS, and for this night only, the PUBLIC DEMANDS the repitition of

LES
CLOCHES
DE
CORNEVILLE.

Miss LOUISE BEAUDET'S SERPOLETTE is equal to the best ever seen in America.—(*New York Herald*).

The entire Company cheered to the echo last Monday night.

LARGE CHORUS.

Increased Orchestra under the direction of DUDLEY WYATT.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 17.
ROMEO AND JULIET,

ROMEO .....HERR BANDMANN.
JULIET.....Miss LOUISE BEAUDET.
Supported by the entire LONDON COMPANY,

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 18.
CORSICAN BROTHERS;
OR THE
DUEL IN THE SNOW.
IN ACTIVE PREPARATION:
PATIENCE—RICHARD III.

Prices as usual.
Reservation of Seats at SOUNDY & Co.'s.

KNICKERBOCKER HOSE, STOUT HAND KIT, Ribbed in a variety of Heather Mixtures, for size, send measure of foot in inches per Pair, Rs. 3-12.
THORPE & Co., General Outfitters, Bombay.

KNICKERBOCKER HOSE for sportsmen. Derby Ribbed Merino Plain Mixtures. Non-irritating Rs. 4-8 Per Pair.
THORPE & Co., Meadow & Hummum-street, Bombay.

KNICKERBOCKER HOSE, Plain Ribbed Cotton very durable, Rs. 3-12 Per Pair.
THORPE & Co., Outfitters, Bombay.

REAL EIDER-DOWN QUILTS far superior to a Blanket being very light, yet very warm. Rs. 35 to 38.
THORPE & Co., Outfitters, Bombay.

LADIE'S SUN HATS and HELMETS, a large choice, Rs. 8-8 to Rs. 12-8. Black Silk Riding Hats with Veil, Rs. 18-8. Felt Hats Latest shapes and colour, Rs. 8-8.
THORPE & Co., Bombay.

LADIE'S RIDING GLOVES with gauntlets, White Doe, Rs. 2-12. Tan Dogskin, Rs. 2-12. Shamoir Leather Washing, Rs. 2-4 Per Pair.
THORPE & Co., General Outfitters, Bombay.

LADIE'S RIDING BELTS, Rs. 6-8 to Rs.8-8. Gentlemen's Riding Belts, a choice selection, Rs. 5-8 to Rs. 6-8. THORPE & Co., General Outfitters, Bombay.

FOR SALE.
(The property of Mr. W. WISEMAN, Exec.-Engineer, D. P. W. Poona.)

A 450 D. B. EXPRESS RIFLE by Rigby with pair of 16 bore short barrels fittings same stock, both in oak case, and complete with all the usual fittings, &c. Cost 100 guineas when new, and has scarcely been used. Price Rs. 650. Apply to Messrs. Ludha Ebraim & Co., Poona.

CLEARANCE SALE.

MESSRS. GLENROY & Co., offers for sale on account of their several constituents a large and varied collection of CHINA and JAPAN CURIOSITIES, the sale to commence from the 16th November up to 4th December 1882. And the REMAINING PORTION will be sold of by PUBLIC AUCTION at the premises of Messrs. GLENROY & Co., opposite to Messrs Thorpe and Co.

NOW READY,
LETTS'S DIARY
FOR
1883,
OF
ALL SHAPES AND SIZES,
CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR CARDS,
AT
COOPER AND COMPANY,
BOMBAY, MEADOW-STREET, FORT,
AND
POONA, EAST-STREET.

NOTICE is hereby given that RAMJEE ADAKARN has CONTRACTED to SELL the undermentioned property, any and all persons having any claim in and to the said premises, or any part thereof by way of sale, mortgage, inheritance, gift, lease or otherwise, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to me at my office, No. 27, Meadow-street, Fort, within 7 days from the date hereof otherwise the purchase will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same may be considered as waived. All that piece or parcel of land situate in the Elphinstone Land Estate, in the Island of Bombay, together with chawl messuage or tenement and building of seven apartments or compartments, containing by admeasurement 466-6-9 square yards, and bounded as follows, that is to say on or towards the north by the house of Hujrabai, on or towards the south by Caaria Street, on or towards the east by Argyll road, and on or towards the west by land in the possession of the Trustees of the Port of Bombay, and which said premises were registered by the Collector of land Revenue under No. 3186, and in the registration sub-district of Mandavee and are assessed by the Municipal Commissioner under No. 36 and are now in the occupation of the tenants of the said Ramjee Adakara.—Dated this 15th day of November 1882.

PESTOMJEE KAVASJEE,
Purchaser's Attorney.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

COLABA SIDINGS.

NOTICE is hereby given that on and after FRIDAY, the first of December next, until further notice, Cotton brought by this Railway into Bombay, can, if desired by the senders, be conveyed direct to this Company's Sidings at Colaba; and that Cotton, and other Goods, can also be booked to, or from the Sidings of the Sassoon Dock at Colaba, and to or from the Sidings of the New Colaba Company at Colaba.

2. On account of the longer distance over which such Cotton, and other Goods will be conveyed by Railway, an extra charge of one pie per maund will be made, in addition to the usual charges now made for Cotton, and other Goods, conveyed by this Railway to, or from Bombay.

3. The Railway Company do not undertake the delivery of Cotton, or of any other Goods, conveyed by this Railway, and consignees must make their own arrangements for taking delivery at the several Sidings.

4. A wharfage charge of one anna per maund for each day, or part of a day, will be made upon all Cotton which is not removed from the Railway Company's Sidings at Colaba, within twenty-four hours after midnight of the day on which it is available for delivery.

5. Senders should state, on the consignment note, that Cotton intended for the Railway Company's Sidings at Colaba is to be sent to those Sidings, and also that Cotton or other Goods intended for the Sassoon Dock Sidings at Colaba, and for the Sidings of the New Colaba Company at Colaba, are to be sent to those Sidings respectively. Cotton, or other Goods, not so definitely ordered to either of the respective Sidings at Colaba will, as heretofore, be brought to Waree-bunder.

6. Cotton, and other Goods, sent to, or from the Sassoon Dock Sidings at Colaba, and to, or from the Sidings of the New Colaba Company at Colaba, will be subject to all the Rules and Regulations, and will be liable to the payment of all the rates and charges which may from time to time be made by the Port Trust for the Sassoon Dock Sidings, and by the New Colaba Company, respectively.

HENRY CONDER.
General Traffic Manager.
Bombay, the fifteenth of November 1882.

TRICHINOPOLY CHEROOTS.
MORNING CLOUDS.

A small Havanna-shaped Trichinopoly suitable for smoking after Chota Hazri or Tiffin.

Price Re. 1-12, per box of 100.

HAVANNA-SHAPED TRICHINOPOLY

Fine flavour and superior finish.

Price Rs. 2, per box of 100.

DAWSON'S MUSTER.

Medium length Cheroot-shaped with straw.

Price Re. 1-12, per box of 100.

THOMSON'S MUSTER.

Long Cheroot-shaped with straw.

Price Re. 1-12, per box of 100.

NOBLE'S MUSTER.

A small Cheroot without straw, of mild but fine flavoured Tobacco.

Price Re. 1-12, per box of 100.

CLUB MUSTER.

Cheroot or Havanna-shaped, a regular Leisure hour.

Price Rs. 3, per box of 100.

THOMSON & TAYLOR,
5, RAMPART-ROW, BOMBAY.

TREACHER AND COMPANY'S JEWELLERY DEPARTMENT.

THIS Branch of TREACHER & Co.'s extensive business receives special care and attention from the Management, who confine their dealings to the FIRST-CLASS LONDON MANUFACTURE AND QUALITY ONLY, for which the Company have been so long and so favourably known.

By the careful selection of novelties characterised by elegance, neatness, and taste they trust to confirm and extend the large connection with which they have been favoured during the past FIFTY YEARS.

BRACELETS—			
Plain and worked Gold, various handsome patterns	... ...	from Rs. 36	to 250
Jewelled with Diamonds, Pearls, &c. ...	... ...	from 85	to 560
BROOCHES—			
Plain and worked Gold, novel shapes	... ...	from 36	to 85
Jewelled with Pearls, Diamonds, Turquoise, &c.	... ...	from 50	to 100
Tiger Claws, beautifully mounted	... ...	from 58	to 80
EARRINGS—			
Stud, different patterns	... ...	from 10-8	to 28
Do. Jewelled, Pearls and Diamonds	... ...	from 25	to 70
Do. Single Diamond	... ...	from 45	to 200
Miniature ...	... ...	from 20	to 34
Do. Jewelled	... ...	from 30	to 70
Worked Gold	... ...	from 25	to 80
Do. Jewelled with Corals, Pearls	... ...	from 25	to 70
Tiger Claw, handsome mounted	... .	from 58	to 70
LOCKETS—			
Bright or Dead Gold ...	... ...	from 22-8	to 100
Engraved Gold ...	... ...	from 25	to 100
Fancy Patterns, Filbert, Almond, Book, &c.	... ...	from 20	to 80
Jewelled Diamonds, Pearls, Corals, &c. ...	... ...	from 50	to 225
Tiger Claw, very handsome ...	... ...	from 90	to 100
Gentlemen's Lockets, set with Onyx, Sardonyx, &c.	.. ...	from 27	to 100
Mourning, Enamelled, &c. ...	... ...	from 16	to 85
COLLARETTES—			
Very handsome designs, many novelties...	... ...	from 150	to 250
NECKLETS—			
Various Patterns	... ...	from 40	to 250
SUITES OF JEWELLERY—			
Comprising Bracelet, Brooch and Earrings ...	... .	from 200	to 335
Do. do. Jewelled...	... .	from 315	to 500
Consisting of Locket, Necklet and Earrings	... ...	from 180	to 560
DEMI-SUITES OF JEWELLERY—			
Comprising Brooch and Earrings	... .	from 45	to 130
Do. Jewelled... ...	... ...	from 54	to 280
Consisting of Locket and Earrings	... ...	from 150	to 200
Brooch Pendant and Earrings ...	... ...	from 126	to 200
RINGS—			
Ladies' Jewelled, Plain Gipsy...	... ...	from 31	to 280
Do. Tablet ...	... ...	from 20	to 120
Do. Half-Hoop ...	... ...	from 27	to 250
Do. Single Stone Brilliant, Claw or Gipsy setting	... ...	from 70	to 150
Gentlemen's Plain Gold, very fashionable	... ...	from 28	to 80
Do. Signet, ...	... ...	from 32	to 80
Do. Single Diamonds, Gipsy Setting	... ...	from 90	to 250
Snake Rings, Plain Gold or Jewelled ...	... .	from 25	to 100
Wedding, Victoria and Alexandra Patterns	... ...	from 15	to 25
Keeper, engraved in various styles	... ...	from 12	to 20

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

WHISKEY, WHISKEY.

THOMSON and TAYLOR'S blend of fine old Campbelton and Glen Isla ranks amongst the finest of Whiskies imported into this country. It is a rich, mellow, and soft spirit, genuine, and wholesome. A trial is solicited from all who appreciate

A REALLY GOOD SOUND WHISKEY PEG.

Shipments arrive regularly direct from the distillers, so that Clubs and Messes can be promptly supplied. Price per dozen Rs. 23 ; per bottle Rs. 2, cash.

THOMSON AND TAYLOR,
5, RAMPART-ROW,
BOMBAY.

"THE CRITERION" RESTAURANT,
OPPOSITE TREACHER AND CO.'S FORT ESTABLISHMENT.

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S CAKES

RESIDENTS AND UP-COUNTRY CONSTITUENTS can now register orders for XMAS AND NEW YEAR'S CAKES AND ALL KINDS of CONFECTIONERY at "THE CRITERION" opposite TREACHER & Co.'s Fort Establishment.

BIRTHDAY CAKES and all kinds of CONFECTIONERY made to order on the shortest notice.

ICES ! ICES !! ICES ! ! !

* The best ICES made in Bombay are procurable at "The Criterion."
BREAKFASTS always ready from 8 a.m. until 12 a.m.
TIFFINS from 12 a.m. until 3 p. m.
DINNERS from 5 p.m. until 8-30 p.m.
COLD HAM AND HAM SANDWICHES, CHOPS, STEAKS, &c., &c., always ready.
TEA, COFFEE, WINES, SPIRITS, &c., &c.

"THE CRITERION" RESTAURANT,
OPPOSITE TREACHER AND CO.'S FORT ESTABLISHMENT.

FAVRE, LEUBA & CO.,

WATCHMAKERS, JEWELLERS, CHAINMAKERS, &c.,

BOMBAY & CALCUTTA.

WE continue to receive regular weekly shipments of our well-known

CHEAP SILVER LEVER WATCHES.

It is now about 16 years since we introduced these Watches in this country. During this time their quality has been unceasingly improved by our manufactory year for year, so that they are now unquestionably by ar superior to Watches generally sold in India at considerably higher rates.

These watches are always in stock :—

In open-faced silver cases	.....Rs. 25
Do. hunting ,,	..... ,, 26*
Do. half-hunting ,,	..... ,, 27*

The Watches marked * are also in stock in extra heavy sterling silver cases and of superior finish, at Rs. 35.

GUARANTEE ONE YEAR—POSTAGE FREE.

FAVRE, LEUBA & CO.

PIANOFORTE FOR HIRE,

From Rs. 15 per month.

PIANOFORTES FOR HIRE IN THE MOFUSSIL,
From Rs. 20 per month.
FULL DETAILS ON APPLICATION.

SPECIAL REDUCED RATES, IF TAKEN FOR SIX MONTHS.

TUNINGS.—This department is in charge of skilled European Tuners who have been specially engaged from England.

Orders for tuning in the Fort or Suburbs of Bombay receive prompt attention.

CONSIDERABLY REDUCED RATES, when contracted for by the term of six or twelve months, or when two or more Pianofortes are tuned.

MOFUSSIL TUNINGS.—S. ROSE & Co. undertake the tuning and repairs of Pianofortee and other Musical Instruments in the Mofussil and Madras Presidency on special moderate terms.

PIANOS SOLD ON THE ONE-YEAR PURCHASE SYSTEM.

PIANOS HIRED BY THE DAY, MONTH, OR ON SPECIAL RATES FOR SIX AND TWELVE MONTHS.

CATALOGUES OF MUSIC, PIANOFORTES, HARMONIUMS, &c., FREE BY POST.

S. ROSE & CO., BOMBAY.

TEMPLE BAR RESTAURANT.

GRAND PROMENADE CONCERTS
UNDER THE DIRECTION OF PROFESSOR MORITZ SIEGL.

THE MANAGER of TEMPLE BAR begs to announce to the public that he has secured the services of a company of talented artistes, just arrived from Europe who will give a series of GRAND PROMENADE CONCERTS EVERY EVENING (Sundays excepted). The following is the programme for

TO-NIGHT.

1.	MARCH	Im Sturm und Regen ..... Reichardt.
2.	SYMPHONY	L'Inferno ..... Giamona.
3.	WALTZ	Trink lieder ..... Dvorak.
4.	POTPOURRI	Blumen madchen ..... Loiben.
5.	MAZURKA	Ein Gluck liches Paar ..... Hermann.
6.	POLKA	Kinder Tux ..... Stanks.
7.	OVERTURE	Diamants de la Couronne ..... Auber.
8.	WALTZ	El Turia Espagnole ..... Granade.
9.	POLKA	Kirmes ..... Faust.
10.	GALOP	Frisch heran ..... Faust.

ADMISSION TO GALLERY—ONE RUPEE.
Commencing at 8-30 p.m.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

OFFICIAL MAP
OF THE DELTA,
LOWER EGYPT,

BASED on the ENGLISH and FRENCH ADMIRALTY SURVEYS and other authorities, and particularly on the Map of MAHMUD BEY, showing RAILWAY STATIONS, TELEGRAPH COMMUNICATIONS, &c.

MOUNTED ON CLOTH AND ROLLERS,
PRICE, Re. 1.

To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL—£2,000,000 STERLING.

TOTAL ACCUMULATED FUNDS, invested in the best and safest Securities, now amount to
£4,673,299 5 1 STERLING.

FIRE BRANCH.

POLICIES covering risks on MERCHANDISE, BUILDINGS, SPINNING MILLS, COTTON AND JUTE PRESSES, SHOPS, BUNGALOWS, HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, HOTELS, AND HOTELS, CLUBS, both in BOMBAY and in the MOFUSSIL, granted on most favourable terms, COALS on the BUNDERS and KEROSINE OIL also covered.

15 per cent. discount is now allowed on Mills, &c.

STAMPS ON ANNUAL POLICIES paid by the Company.

Fire Premiums for	
1882.....	£930,690
,, 1881.....	£883,224

LIFE BRANCH.

POLICIES granted by the UNDERSIGNED without reference to Head Office on APPROVED lives. MILITARY LIVES in CIVIL employ have extra premium returned.

ENDOWMENT ASSURANCES, payable at fixed periods on adult, and children on very favourable terms.

LAST REVERSIONARY BONUS 7½ per cent.

REDUCTION TO EUROPEAN rates, when assured leaves either Alexandria or Port Said.

Accumulated LIFE FUNDS now amount to £2,389,907

GROWTH OF FUNDS.

1866	£1,254,277 3 1	1876	£2,492,950 1 4
1871	£2,196,972 15 8	1881	£4,673,299 5 1

THOS. H. MOORE & Co.,
Agents Royal Insurance Company.
6, Hummum-street.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows :—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1 ; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under this scale.

OUR SEWING-MACHINES stand pre-eminent. They are acknowledged by all to be the best in style, elegance, workmanship, material and finish. Send for Price List.—H. A. GEYER & Co., Bombay.

VIENNA CHAIRS, (plain and rocking) best walnutwood, light, strong and elegant. J. NEUBERG, Bombay.

HAMILTON'S.—The nearest Hotel to the Princes' Dock.—"I have stayed here 7 weeks and have been extremely comfortable. The hotel is particularly clean and well managed and the table excellent. I shall certainly recommend it for Bombay on all occasions. GEO. F. HORBURY. 3rd November 1880.

TO LET, APARTMENTS suitable for a chummery, top floor. 34, Elphinstone Circle. For terms apply to JOHN FLEMING.

BEST TURKISH CIGARETTES, just received, a fresh consignment in boxes of 500 each, at Rs. 12-8. By M. MONDOLFO & Co.

DOG-CART, C.B. PONY, with harness, for sale

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

WEDNESDAY EVENING, Nov. 15.

We have had a very quiet day in business generally, both imports and exports being devoid of fresh movement; whilst home telegrams, as a rule, show few changes.

In the London Stock market no alteration is reported except in 4½ per cent. rupee paper, in which a decline of one per cent. is noted; but we are inclined to doubt the correctness of the quotation.

The Produce markets are all unaltered, and Cotton in Liverpool shows no change. The sales yesterday were estimated at 12,000 bales, including 2,500 Surats, but prices have not moved either way.

In New York ready Mid-Uplands have advanced 1-16 cent but March shipment comes 2 points lower at 10·56 per lb.

The receipts at the U. S. ports to date give the following comparison :—

	1882.	1881.	1880.
Two days' receipts	34,000	37,000	50,000
Three days' receipts	86,000	66,000	88,000
Total since 1st September	1,759,000	1,665,000	1,936,000

Exchange.—The market opened weak at 1s. 7 31-32d. for 3 months' Credits and 1s. 7 11-16d. for demand Bank Bills. In the course of the forenoon buyers came out for the former at 1s. 7 15-16d., at which a fair business was done for a time; but one bank afterwards quoting 1s. 7 23-32d. for demand rather stopped business, and pending the result of Council drafts, both buyers and sellers rather held off towards the close. The course of the market in the immediate future necessarily depends on what Government may do with their drafts at to-day's biddings in London. If, as some people anticipate, 1s. 7⅞d. be accepted the decline will go on; but should Government on the other hand hold out for 1s. 7¾d., we shall probably see a steadier tone, for a time at least. High exchange, however, is not on the cards at the moment, and the majority of well-informed people seem to look for a comparatively low level throughout the coming season. Closing rates for ready bills to-day are :—

Bank Bills on demand	1s. 7 23-32d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 7 21-32d.	,,
Do. 3 months' sight	1s. 7¾d.	,,
Credits, ,, ,,	1s. 7 15-16d.	,,
France, 3 ,, ,,	2s. 10¼d.	,,

On Calcutta we quote demand drafts at 3-32d. to ¼ premium, 60 days' sight at 7-16d. per cent. discount.

Government Paper has again shown a downward tendency, and the quotation for Fours has receaded to Rs. 99-¾. At this rate, however, there are rather buyers than sellers. Fours-and-a-half are to some extent nominal at Rs. 107.

Shares are fairly steady, although not active. Bank of Bombays continue to advance and are now quoted at Rs. 790. Colaba Land shares have receded to Rs. 800, but Port Cannings are firmer at Rs. 247½. In Press shares there are no changes of special importance. Spinning and Weaving Companies are all steady and in a number of cases Rs. 5 higher.

Cotton has ruled steady to-day, but practically prices are unchanged. Good Omras for March have been sold at Rs. 184, ready G. F. Ginned Dharwar at Rs. 183, and G. F. Nuggur at Rs. 171 per candy. Bengals are freely offered for sale, and business has been done at Rs. 146 up to Rs. 148 per candy for good.

Seeds and Wheat are practically unchanged so far as rupee prices go, although the tenor is downward.

Freights are firm, and the s. s. Clan Ranald has been fixed for Liverpool at 22s. 6d., with small concessions. Charterers, however, are still acting with great caution forward.

Piece-goods remain in the same position. Prices are not quotably altered, but dealers are more liberal buyers where tempted by moderate figures.

Coal ... steadier ... unaltered value. There is ...

ARRIVALS.

Nov.	Vessels.	Commander.	From
15	Kerbela (s)	Wilson	Calcutta, Oct. 21.
	Monrovia (s)	Moore	Liverpool, June 20

DEPARTURES.

Nov.	Vessels.	Commander	Destination.
15	Malacca (s)	Schacht	Calcutta.
	Corinth (s)	White	Marseilles.
	Darien (s)	Inch	Marseilles & Genoa.
	Clan Murray (s) ..	Watson	Marseilles.

The steamer Hydaspes, to Trieste ,&c., was entered for loading yesterday.

CALCUTTA.

Nov.

ARRIVALS.

11 Clan Alpine (s) ....Souter .....Jeddah, Oct. 17.
Mameluke (s) .....Rose .....Cardiff, Sept. 17.
Colaba (s) .....Henderson ..Bombay, Oct. 17.

DEPARTURES.

Nov. 10.—Steamers Indus and Jeranos. Barque Elvira.

MADRAS.

Nov.

ARRIVAL.

11 El Dorado (s) .... Calcutta.
Arabia (s) .... Bombay.

DAILY IMPORTS.—November 15.

FROM GLASGOW.

Roumania (s)—5 cases chemicals, Heerjee Mooljee and Co.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Roumania (s)—125 cases copper sheets, W. and A. Graham and Co; 103 drums iron nails, Hasumally Lallmejee; 230 drums iron nails, F. Fischer and Co.
Clan Murray (s)—8 packages earthenware, Moosa Ayoob.

FROM LONDON.

Adowa (s)—125 kegs iron nails, Noorbhoy Chandabhoy; 27 cases table salt, Bomanjee Sorabjee; 15 casks fuse, Mahamedally Lookmanjee.

FROM MARSEILLES.

Canton (s)—3 cases saffron, B. and A. Hormusjee.

FROM ANTWERP.

Adowa (s)—100 cases gin, Volkart Brothers.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—November 14.

Chapman, Lieut. Col., 8th Bengal Cavalry, on sick leave, from Saugor.
Russell, Capt. Army Pay Dept., on leave, from Mhow.

November 15.

Beanfort, Capt. R. A., on leave, form Calcutta.

DEPARTURES.—November 14.

Kemball, Lieut., 17th Bombay N. I., from leave, to Satara.

November 15.

Anderson, Ins. Vet.-Surg., on duty, to Umballa.
Savoge, Vet. Surg., on duty, to Muttra.
Mein, Lieut., 15th Punjab N. I., from leave, to Dera Ismail Khan.
Davidson, Surg., and duty, to Kaira

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS

REGIMENTAL ORDERS.

By Lieut.-Col. Comdt. W. S. Hewett, B. V. R. C.

Bombay, November 15.

The Army Signalling Class will meet at the oval near the Band Stand on Friday next, at 0 a. m., Bombay time.

By order,

A. W. PROUD
Capt. and Adjt., B. V ½ C.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ORDERS.

(*Gazette of India*, November 11.)

Home Department.

The services of Surg. G. S. A. Ranking are, at his own request, replaced at the disposal of the Mily. Dept.

Privilege leave for 2 months and 29 days is granted to the Hon'ble W. C. Plowden, Census Commr., for India, from 4th inst.

The services of Mr. J. F. Needham, Offg. Dist. Supdt. of Police, Backergunge, in the Lower Provinces, are placed at the disposal of the Chief Commr. of Assam.

Revenue and Agricultural Department.

In continuation of Notification No. 13, dated 20th Oct. 1882, is hereby notified that Dr. Francis Day, late of the Indian Medical Dept., has been appointed [illegible] Secretary of State for India Agent for Indian [illegible]ming International Fisheries [illegible]n London.

[illegible] Department.

[illegible] of Clause 2, Sec. 90, of Act [illegible] (The Army Discipline and [illegible]the Govr.-Genl. in Council is [illegible]e Rev. F. C. Gittens to act as [illegible]or the purpose of attesting [illegible] Secunderabad, vice the Rev.

[illegible]nd Govr-Genl is pleased to [illegible]ram Pritamdas, of Karrachi [illegible]dur," as a personal distinc-

[illegible]nd Govr.-Genl. is pleased to [illegible]ammad Shah, of Sardhana, the [illegible] personal distinction.

[illegible], B. S. C., Offg. Political Asst. [illegible]. to the Resident at Hydera- [illegible]2nd Asst. to the Govr. Genl's [illegible] the date of assuming charge.

[illegible]lie, C. I. E., B. S. C., Political [illegible] Offg. Political Agent, 2nd [illegible]d Asst. to the Resident at

[illegible] Department.

[illegible]rigade Staff.—Capt. J. G. Kelly, B. S. C., Wing Officer, 33rd N. I., Offg. Brigade Major to be a Brigade Major on the establishment, vice Major W. W. H. Scott, whose tenure of appointment has expired. Dated 25th Oct. 1882, and Major P. D. Jeffreys, Connaught Rangers, Offg. Brigade-Major to be a Brigade Major on the establishment, vice Major C. J. White, whose tenure of appointment has expired. Dated 1st Nov. 1882.

Garrison Instruction Staff in India.—Major St. V. A. Hammick, Oxfordshire Light Infy., to be Garrison Instructor, vice Major G. L. L. Taylor, whose tour of Staff service has expired. Dated 28th Oct. 1882.

Medical Department.—Surgeon-Major R. T. Lyons, M.D., 17th N.I., to be Medical Officer, Lawrence Mily. Asylum, Sanawar, vice Surg-Major W. N. Keefer. Dated 20th Oct. 1882.

Military Accounts Department.—Lieut. W. H. Young, Asst. Mily. Acct. on probation, is confirmed in his appointment, from 15th Oct., 1881, and Lieut. G. B. Renny, Asst. Mily. Acct., on probation, is confirmed in his appointment, from 28th Oct., 1882.

Veterinary Department.—First Class Veterinary Surg. E. J. Batt, Indian Veterinary Dept., Asst. Supdt., Horse-Breeding Operations, to be Inspg. Veterinary Surg., 2nd Circle, Bengal. Dated 17th Oct., 1882.

Horse-Breeding Operations.—First Class Veterinary Surg. B. L. Glover, Army Veterinary Dept., to be Asst. Supdt. Horse-Breeding Operations, vice Inspg. Veterinary Surg. E. J. Batt. Dated 14th Oct., 1882.

Punjab Frontier Force—1st Sikh Infantry.—Lieut. C. M. Dallas, Northamptonshire Regt. Offg. Wing Officer, 10th Mad. N. I., on probation for the Mad. S. C., to be Offg. Wing Officer, on probation, vice Capt. F. R. Begbie, seconded.

Volunteer Corps—Calcutta Volunteer Rifle Corps.—Volunteer Henry Strode Lemon to be paymaster, vice Lieut. H. Elworthy, resigned.

Furlough and leave.—The undermentioned officers are granted furlough out of India, with the necessary subsidiary leave :—Lieut-Col. A. Tulloch, B.S.C., Wing Commdr. and 2nd in-Commd., 26th N.I., (p.a.) for 2 years. Major F. Firebrace, R.E. Under-Secy., Railway Branch, P.W.D., (p. a.) for 1 year and 153 days, under rule IX of the regulations of 1868, embarking on or after the 4th Dec. 1882, and Sugr.-Major R. Mantell, M.B.; 9th Bengal Cavy. (p. a.) for 1 year.

Names and designations.—Major and Bt. Lieut.-Col. R. E. Wilmot, Genl. List. Infy., has been permitted to assume his second Christian name, namely, Eardly, as his surname in additon to, and before that of, Wilmot.

G. G. O. No. 427 of 1882 is cancelled.

Promotions—Medical Department.—The following promotion is made, subject to H. M.'s approval :—

To be Brigade Surgeon.—Surg.-Major Robert Sander Bateson, vice Brigade Surg. W. Walker, M. D., promoted. Dated 24th Oct. 1882.

Military Works Department.—The following permanent promotions are made in the Engineering Estab., from 15th Aug. 1882 :—

Capt. R. F. Moore, R. E., from Ex. Engr., 3rd Grade, to Ex. Engr. 2nd Grade. Lieut. W. T. Shone, R.E., from Ev. Engr., 4th Grade, to Ex. Engr., 4th Grade and Capt. H. A. Graves, S.C., from Asst. Engr., 1st Grade to Ex. Engr., 4th Grade.

Public Works Department.

The following promotion is made in the Loco. Dept. of the State Railway Revenue Estabt :—

Mr. J. J. Jones, Rajputana-Malwa Railway, from Class III to Class II, from 1st July, 1882.

Major T. B. B. Savi, R. E., Ex. Engr., 1st Grade, Railway Branch, is placed in charge of those portions of the offices of the Secy. to the Govt. of India, P. W. D., and Accts.-Genl., P. W. D., which are left at Simla.

Col. J. Browne, C.S.I., R.E., Ex. Engr. 1st Grade, Punjab, is transferred to the Mily. Works Dept.

Mr. A. Rae, Supdg. Engr. Class III, is, on return from furlough, placed at the disposal of the Director Genl. of Railways.

Lieut. R. C. Maxwell, R.E., Actg. Depy. Consulting Engr. to the Govt. of India for Guaranteed Railways, Lucknow, is placed temporarily at the disposal of the Director-Genl. of Railways.

The transfer of Mr. F. Reilly, Asst. Engr., 2nd Grade to British Burma Provincial Estabt, which was notified in P. W. D. Notification No. 138, dated 21st June 1882, is hereby cancelled, and Mr. Reilly is replaced at the disposal of the Director Genl. of Railways.

The promotion of Mr. Reilly to 1st Grade Asst. Engr. sub pro tem., from 28th Feb. 1882, which was notified in P.W.D. Notification No. 159, dated 21st June 1882, is hereby cancelled, and Mr. Reilly is promoted to the rank of Asst. Engr., 1st Grade, from 1st May 1882.

Lieut.-Col. P. Lambert, R.E., Examr. of Public Works Accounts, Bengal, is appointed Examr. of Public Works Accounts, N.W.P. and Oudh.

Lieut.-Col. H. Trail, R.E., Examr. 2nd Class, is, on return from furlough, appointed Examr. of Public Works Accounts, Bengal.

Agent, Governor-General, for Rajputana.

Lieut. G. H. J. Moore and Major O'Moore Creagh, v.c., respectively, made over and received charge of the duties of 2nd-in-Command, Merwara Battalion, on 25th Oct. 1882.

Chief Commissioner of Coorg.

Under the provisions of Secs. 57 and 58, Act. X of 1872 (the Code of Criminal Procedure), the Offg. Chief Commr. is pleased to appoint Mr. C. M. Nanjappa, 1st Class Pleader, to be public prosecutor for the Province of Coorg, vice M. Crishniengar deceased.

Director General of Railways.

With reference to P. W. D. Notification No. 261, dated 27th Oct. 1882, Mr. J. E. Dallas, Asst. Engr. 1st Grade, is posted to the Bundelkhund Railway Surveys.

Mr. P. T. S. Large, Exce. Engr., 3rd Grade, to be transferred from the Punjab Northern State Railway to the Bundelkhund Railway Survey.

Mr. J. W. Parry, Asst. Engr. 2nd Grade, Railway Branch, has passed the Departmental Standard Examination in Hindustani.

Albert Edward Cotton Mills Co., Ld.	1,000	500	350	..		350
Parell S. & W. Co. Ld.	2,500	400	400	16		220xd.
Angio-Indian S. & W. Company	30,000	100	100	Rs. 7½		135
New issue	..	100	70	..		100xd.
Alfred Manufacturing Company	1,000	500	500	22½ p.a		540xd
AllianceCotton & Silk Manufg. Co., Ld. ..	1,800	1,000	..	Rs. 30		765
Bhowanggur Mills ..	4,800	100	100	..		44
Bombay United	900	1,000	1,000	Rs. 45		995
BudneiraM'fg.Co.,Ld.	1,000	..	500	..		420
Central India S. & W. Company	2,500	500	500	Rs. 30		655
Cooria Mills	800	50	1,000	Rs. 40		875
D. Spinning	2,000	all	all	..		5074
Empress S. & W. Co.	1,136	500	all	Rs. 25		710
Golam Baba S. Co....	1,000	500	500	30		55
Hindustan	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30		1,050
HydrabadSpinningCo.	700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 70		1,015
Imperial Cotton Mills Company	900	500	250	..		235
Jaffer Ali Spin. Co.	900	500	500	50		650
Jawraz Bhalloo	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50		1,070
Khandelah	750	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30		945
Khatao Mackuniee ..	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50		970
Leopold S., Bleaching & Mfg. Co., Ld. ..	3,500	100	100	..		125
Madras United	950	1,000	1,000	150 p.a.		2,345
Mahalukshmi	650	1,000	500	Rs. 35		845
Manockjee Petit's ..	2,000	all	Rs. 6	0		1,374
Mazagon Spinning Co.	5,000	250	250	12 p. a.		235
Morarjee Goculdas ..	1,050	1,000	1,000	Rs. 70		1,315
National Spinning....	500	1,000	1,000	Rs. 35		850
New Great Eastern ..	1,400	1,000	1,000	40 p. a.		915
Oriental	4,000	625	62½	Rs. 25		705
Prince of Wales Spinning Company..	1,500	500	50	..	35	280
Sassoon S. & W. Co..	1,500	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50		1,375xd
Sholapore Mills	500	1,000	1,000	Rs. 5		1,365
Soonderdas	750	1,000	1,000	Rs. 5		955
Southern India	500	500	Rs. 3	Rs. 20		585
Victoria Mills	3,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30		770
Western India S. & M. Company	1,200	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40		935

* For distribution.

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar Cotton	150	5,000	2,850	Rs. 50		1,150
Akola Press Co.....	85	500	all	Rs. 75		500
Albert Ginning Co ..	100	500	all	12 p.ct.		450
Albert Press Co., Kurrachee	200	2,000	1,100	Rs. 170		1,120
Apollo Press Co. (small shares)	750	400	400	40		470
Bellary	625	1,000	1 000	30 p. a.		625
Berar Cotton Ginning and Press Co.....	600	500	all	Rs. 75		545
Broach Cotton Ginning and Press Co...	1,400	250	all	10		83
Colaba Press Co	500	1,880	1,880	50		1,192½
Dholiera P. & G. Co..	500	300	all	30		180
East India Press Co...	700	1,000	1,000	120		1,315
Fort Press Co	150	325	8,500	350 p.a.		2,575
French Press Co	300	500	all	75 p.a.		550
Sind Press Co	400	2,000	750	Rs. 7		510
Mofussil Co	3,125	400	400	Rs. 30		400
New Indian Press	2,400	125	125	Rs. 30		2274
Prince of W. Press ..	500	.....	500	100		485
Sind & Punjaub Cotton Press Co	100	1,000	750	Rs. 80		1,350
Samoon Press Co	300	200	500	Rs. 50		50
Volkart's Press Co....	450	00		6		660

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

G. I. P. Railway Consolidated Stock ..	..	£20	£18-3-0	5 p. ct		325
Do. New £20 shares.	..	£20	£19-14-6	do		26
Ditto	..	£20	£8-7-3	do		72
Ditto	..	£20	£1-19-1	do		32
B. B. & C. I. Ry. Co...	..	£100	£100	do		1,010
Do. New £1 Shares.	..	£18	£16-5-15	do		245

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay Saw Mills ..	99	1,000	1,000	100		535
Bombay Ice Manufacturing Co., Limited. Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation. Do. New Shares ...	1,250	100	100	Rs. 6		135 120
	1,000	2,500	1,500	225		2,790
		500	300	...		510
Indian Guarantee Suretyship Association	5,000	100	10	10 p.ct.		10
Kaiser-i-Hind Gold Mining Co., Limited	42,000		5	..		24
Kurrachee Ice Co., Ld.	1,400	100	100	..		70
Kurrachee Landing and Shipping Co.	500	500	300	9		410
Kemp & Co., Ld.	2,000	200	100	..		154
Mechanical Building Co.	4,000	50	50	3 p.ct.		15
Oriental Government Security Life Assurance Company.	5,000	200	50	5 p.ct.		50
Oriental Loan Association	5,000	20	20	10 p.ct.		20
Prince of Wales Fire Insurance	250	1,000	1,000	Rs. 10	0 p.s.	1,150xd
Ripon Gold Mining Co., Ld.	30,000 A	10	6			3
Soundy &c., Co., Ld.	1,000 B	100	100			60
Treasher & Co., Ld.	1,000	100	all	14 p.ct.		116
Thacker & Co., Ld.	2,000	500	all	15	90	950
Wynaad Gold Mining Co. Ld.....	1,000	10	10	1		190
	20,000	25	20			

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The steamer Malacca, 1,044 tons, Captain H. Schacht, sailed yesterday for Calcutta, with a general cargo.

The steamer Corinth, 1,659 tons, Captain C. White, sailed yesterday for Marseilles, with a general cargo.

The steamer Darien, 1,779 tons, Captain R. Inch, sailed yesterday for Genoa and Marseilles, with a general cargo.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Murray, 1,372 tons, Captain R. C. Watson, sailed yesterday for Marseilles, with a general cargo and Mr. Colvinly, a passenger.

The ship Monrovia, 1,492 tons, Captain J. Moore, arrived in harbour yesterday from Liverpool (20th June), with a cargo of 2,432 tons coals. The vessel is consigned to the Captain.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Kerbela, 1,501 tons, Captain F. A. Wilson, arrived in harbour yesterday from Coast and Calcutta, with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Mr. W. Gunnast, Madam Monod, and three children, Lieut. Retallack, Mr. and Mrs. Hearn and three children, Mr. W. Harrison, and 100 deck.

SURGEON DENTIST,

DR. C. F. KHORY

(Licentiate of Dental Surgery of the Royal College of Surgeons of England, 1873),

No. 23, RAMPART ROW,

opposite the Floral Fountain, next to *Bombay Gazette* Office

IMPAIRED VISION.

DR. J. S. WELLS, F.R.C.S., Ophthalmic Surgeon to King's College Hospital, in his Work on "Impaired Vision" says :—"The selection of Spectacles is of great importance; and I have no hesitation in saying that the empirical haphazard plan of selection generally employed by Opticians is but too frequently attended by the worst consequences; and that eyes are often permanently injured, which might, by skilful treatment, have been preserved for years." MESSRS. HARRIS & LAWRENCE, Consulting Oculists' Opticians, personally adapt their IMPROVED METRICAL PEBBLE SPECTACLES, at their Office, 20, Rampart Row, next the Oriental Bank, daily (Sundays excepted) 10 to 5.

Surgeon-Major Crocker writes :—"I have received your Spectacles, they suit me admirably." H. M. Clark, Esq., M.B., Medical Missionary, Dalhousie, writes :—The Spectacles have duly arrived, they are beautiful, I have recommended some patients to write to you for Spectacles. Similar testimonials from Drs. Boyle, Hacan, Lynn, and Skipton, and hundreds of others. Pamphlet and Test Types, free on application.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

WE HEREWITH CERTIFY THAT MESSRS. MARCKS AND CO., BOMBAY AND POONA, ARE SOLE AGENTS FOR SCHIEDMAYER AND SOEHNE PIANOS IN THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY, and that our Pianos, which we have built especially for the Indian climate for more than twenty years, are only shipped by us for Bombay to the above Firm.

We also state as a caution to the public that Pianos bearing the name of SCHIEDMAYER ONLY, which are offered for sale by other houses, are by a TOTALLY DISTINCT MANUFACTURER.

SCHIEDMAYER and SOEHNE,

Pianoforte Manufacturers to His Majesty the King of Wurttemberg, Germany, Established 1809.

OUR SPECIAL CONSIGNMENT of these CELEBRATED PIANOS, which is unusually large, owing to the increasing demand ARRIVED THIS DAY by the AUSTRIAN LLOYDS' s.s. PANDORA. Orders are now being registered.

Their revised prices are as follows :—

Plain square Piano	Rs. 750
Sympathetic square	,, 825
Semi-grand, on three legs	,, 1,375

PAYABLE BY 12 MONTHLY INSTALMENTS OR 10 PER CENT. DISCOUNT FOR CASH.

For hire and the 2 years payable system full particulars and other information will be given on application.

Bombay, Sept. 25, 1882. C. MARCKS & Co.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.

BOMBAY.

DEATH.

PRIDEAUX—November 12, at Jeypore, George, the infant child of Major and Mrs. Prideaux.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

JACKSON—November 9, at Delhi, the wife of Mr. Isaac Jackson, of a son.

PRUDHOMME—September 29, at Egmore, Madras, the wife of Henry Prudhomme, of a son.

MARRIAGE.

DeMORGAN—BRIZZI-BISTEGHI—November 3, at Chattrapur, District of Ganjam, Walter Champbell de Morgan, to Georgina Mariam Brizzi-Bisteghi.

DEATHS.

MacGREGOR—October 30, at Ethelwood, Debrugarh, Upper Assam, of bronchitis, Helen Gordon, infant of Patrick and Gertrude MacGregor, aged 4 months and 30 days.

All Money Orders, Cheques, and other Remittances sent to this office should be made payable to the Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*.

The Bombay Gazette

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1882.

The information conveyed by our London correspondent yesterday, and by Reuter to-day, respecting Mr. Gladstone's statement on the Egyptian policy of the Government, is to the effect that the treatment of France by the allies after the battle of Waterloo forms the precedent to guide England in her dealings with Egypt. This precedent has been selected with considerable astuteness, although it certainly seems injudicious at this moment of irritation to harrow the susceptibilities of France by recalling the mournful period when she was prostrated in a condition of political chaos before the victorious armies of the then "Concert" of Europe, pretty much as Egypt is now. In 1815, as in 1882, the invading army entered to put down a "military revolt," and to restore to his throne a ruler whom the invaders, by a sort of diplomatic fiction, resolved to consider as the repository of the undivided affections of his faithful subjects. If the circumstances of the two nations—France and Egypt—are not quite the same—and they certainly are not—the differences will be profitable to England, for they will enable her to retain a freedom of action which was not possessed by the allies in 1818. It may be well to recall briefly the conditions imposed on France after the cataclysm of Waterloo. She was required to pay a war indemnity of over sixty millions sterling—a large sum truly, but small by comparison with the ransom demanded by the Germans in 1871. As a guarantee for the payment of this sum, and also for her good behaviour, the country was to be occupied by an allied force of 150,000 men for a period, not less than three years nor more than five, and the cost of the occupation was to be borne by France. In addition to this, she was compelled to cede several strips of territory. The policy of Europe towards France in 1815 is not one of which England ought to be proud for the part she bore in it. It can only be defended on the ground of public safety. Politically it was a mistake, for not one single arrangement then made, and guaranteed by the united force of Europe, survived the first breath of Revolution. But whatever were the political errors of the allied Powers, the sincerity of England was beyond a doubt. She believed all through that she was fighting for the liberty of Europe, and of the French people themselves, and in the settlement she behaved with a magnanimity commensurate with the loftiness of her aims. She declined her share of the war indemnity, such as it was, and allowed it to be appropriated by Holland for the reconstruction of her defences. She restored her Colonial conquests, and finally withdrew her armies from France, without one single practical benefit from her quarter-of-a-century's war. Since Mr. Gladstone has convinced himself that Arabi Pasha was subjugated on behalf of Egyptian liberty, he could point to no nobler precedent for his policy than our conduct after Waterloo. It was, however, more creditable to our national honesty than to our political wisdom.

As Egypt will not be asked to surrender her territory, this portion of the European treaty may be excised from the comparison. An indemnity may justifiably be demanded, as well as the cost of the occupation. But the essence of the arrangement will be the guarantee for good behaviour. Egypt will, in fact, be bound over to keep the peace, and as she cannot give bonds, the British army will remain in occupation till Mr. Gladstone considers the peace of the country assured. Whether the time is limited we are not informed, but we should not be surprised if the analogy were suspended at this point. France was too great to be permanently occupied, and her partition would not have been tolerated. All that the allies could do, therefore, was to maintain the state of things they had established for a given time, and to take a promise for the remainder, France being, at the same time, duly informed that alliances were already formed and plans drawn up for her immediate invasion should she show signs of insubordination. Within three years France obtained the liberation of her territory, and when left to her own devices, she, in due course, overthrew the fabric which the allies had so laboriously built up. Mr. Gladstone will, it is to be hoped, secure greater permanence for his arrangements at Cairo. The point at which the two policies must bifurcate is the ability of Egypt to rid herself of her invaders. France bought out the allies at the end of the minimum term fixed for the occupation, but Egypt will not find it so easy to do likewise. The latter is not a great and wealthy country which, like France, can recover her strength and authority in a few years' time. She can never be really independent, and the occupation by the British must, therefore, be prolonged until a condition of things is established to which Egypt herself can only partially contribute. So far, it appears to us that the Prime Minister has eluded the point which everybody is anxious to see cleared up, namely, the period of the British occupation. It is on this account, perhaps, that Sir Stafford Northcote complains of his reticence. It is very likely, however, that Mr. Gladstone knows as little about this matter as Sir Stafford, and, therefore, it would be unfair to press him unduly. The question depends on so many contingencies over which the Government have only limited control, that no Minister could pledge himself with any certainty of being able to keep his word. It is evident that Mr. Gladstone had very little to communicate that everybody didn't know before. It was taken for granted that there would be an occupation, and that a convention would be negotiated for defining its duration. What was asked for was the probable terms of this convention. Mr. Gladstone throws no light on this, and the reference to 1815, except for illustrating England's good nature, has no particular feature which could carry us any further in estimating the outcome of the Egyptian difficulty. We have alluded to the effect which the illustration is likely to have on the feelings of the French at this juncture. Looking at it in the brief telegraphic announcement, we should imagine it would raise a storm of indignation in Paris. But it may have been put more delicately than would appear, or even, though obviously the point of his explanation, introduced incidentally. Possibly we shall not be left long in doubt as to how it was received.

Surgeons with native regiments have a good many grievances, some real and some fanciful, and at least once in the course of every twelve months there are few of them who do not wish that fate and the Surgeon-General would remove them from military duty into the serener atmosphere of civil employment. The annual invaliding season, which is now in progress, is a sore trial for the regimental doctor; for since, in the Native Army, the only way out of the service is to be declared unfit by a medical committee, it naturally follows that every sepoy who wishes to leave the Army must either be really ill, or must be able to feign illness successfully enough to deceive the regimental surgeon. In fact, it is very often a battle between the sepoy and the doctor to see which will tire the other out; and the former is not infrequently the winner. We have before now touched on this subject, but as it is one of considerable interest, and of no slight importance in its bearing on the welfare of the Native Army, we will briefly revert to it once more. As is pretty generally known, the pay and position of the sepoy have been considerably improved within the last ten years. He is, in fact, well paid as times go: he receives a bounty of thirty rupees when he enters the service, he gets a kit allowance of four rupees per annum to help him to purchase articles of equipment, and besides his pay proper he gets a monthly sum as compensation for dearness of provisions. The regulations regarding his leave and furlough are liberal in the extreme, and with one exception, the rules under which he serves Government are conceived in a wise spirit of liberality. That exception is a serious one, and relates to the subject in hand, which is his inability to get out of the service when once he is in it, except he is disabled by wounds, or prostrated by sickness, or except he has served for thirty-two years, when he can claim his pension by right of length of service. While the discussion has been raging at home between the claims of short and long service, the only alteration that has been made in the matter, as regards the Indian Army, is that whereas a native soldier was formerly obliged to serve forty years for a pension, he can now claim it after thirty-two years' service. What is the result? We feel sure that most regimental surgeons will bear us out in the truth of the following example, which may stand as an example of innumerable cases that are annually happening in the Native Army. We will suppose Private Rama to have served the State to the best of his ability for twenty years, when he suddenly hears from his village that his little bit of land has been laid claim to by some hereditary enemy of the family, and that unless he can come home and look after his affairs they stand a good chance of falling into disorder and ruin. Immediately on receipt of this intelligence, Rama interviews the subedar of his company, who takes him to the orderly room, where the whole thing is laid before the commanding officer, who is requested to give Rama furlough that he may go and settle his affairs. But it may not be in the commanding officer's power, for several good reasons, to give Rama furlough: it may not be his turn for the indulgence, or it may be the drill season, or there may be other equally cogent reasons against it. This being the case, Rama finds two courses open to him. He can take his discharge, or he can try and get his pension. If he takes his discharge he forfeits all claim to pension or gratuity, and his twenty years' service go for nothing. If he would obtain his pension, he must either be ill, or feign to be ill. As he is a stout, strong man, he knows the doctor would laugh at him if he presented himself as he is, as a candidate for pension; and human nature being what it is, it would be hardly fair to blame Rama too much if he determines to feign what he has not in reality—some disabling sickness. Having taken this resolve, the second scene of the little comedy, in which the regimental doctor and Rama are the two principal actors, opens in the verandah of the hospital, in a corner of which sits a figure muffled up in a kumblee, or coarse blanket, from the recesses of which a hollow groan issues at stated intervals. This is our friend Rama, who is waiting until the doctor comes to hospital, when he examines new patients, and admits them or not, as he judges best. When the doctor comes, Rama gets on his legs with considerable difficulty, and in a voice broken by gasps and coughs, he explains to the doctor that he has a pain in the back, a shortness of breath when doubling, an inability to see at night, commonly known as night blindness, and severe rheumatic pains in all his limbs. The doctor, of course, draws his own conclusions from what he observes after a careful examination of the ailing Rama, and admits him into hospital for a few days, so as to have him under observation. There is no need to follow the patient and his medical adviser through all the windings and turnings of the case. When Rama is turned out of hospital one week, he comes back the next; and at last it is about ten to one that the doctor gets so utterly tired of him, that in sheer disgust he sends him up before the annual invaliding committee, and Rama retires triumphantly to his village with his pension, and secures possession of his heritage.

Now while it is easy enough to call such a man a malingerer and a schemer and what not, yet we should in fairness look to the other side of the question. A British soldier enlists for a certain term of old long service rules, at the end of which he claims his discharge and pension as a matter of course. It is his bargain with the State, and he having performed his part of the bargain by serving so many years, the State performs its part by giving him the pension to which he is entitled. Why not do as much for the native soldier? Why not, when he has done twenty or twenty-one years' service, allow him to claim his four rupees as a right, instead of forcing him, as is too often the case, to obtain it by deceit? It is often said that the sepoy has no right to complain of the conditions under which he serves, since he was made aware of them when he enlisted, and accepted them with his eyes open. But sepoys are usually enlisted when they are about eighteen years old; they rarely inquire as to the terms of service beyond ascertaining what pay they are to get, and even if everything were put clearly before them, they would not be likely at eighteen to look very far ahead

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

MR. GLADSTONE ON EGYPTIAN AFFAIRS.

LONDON, Nov. 14.

Mr. Gladstone made his promised statement this evening respecting Egyptian affairs. He said that the Government intends negotiating a convention with the Egyptian Government dealing with the cost, and fixing the duration of the British occupation in Egypt. He stated that the occupation would follow the precedent of the British occupation in France after the battle of Waterloo.

The Right Hon'ble gentleman said that he will not ask Parliament for a vote on account of the occupation.

Sir Stafford Northcote, in reply, complained of the reticence of the statement made by the Prime Minister, and said that he reserved the right to impugn the policy of the Government in Egypt later on.

THE CHOLERA AT MECCA.

Latest advices state that cholera has disappeared from Mecca.

PARLIAMENTARY.

LONDON, Nov. 15.

Mr. Kenny, a Parnellite, has been elected M. P. for Ennis.

OBITUARY.

The Right Hon'ble Sir Andrew Buchanan, G.C.B.

THE OPENING OF THE GERMAN PARLIAMENT.

BERLIN, Nov. 14.

Parliament was opened here to-day by the Emperor, who in his speech declared that peace was assured.

STEAMER MOVEMENT.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 14.

The Hall Line steamer Speke Hall left here for Bombay this morning.

LONDON, Nov. 14.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed steady. Surats steady.

The London cotton market has been quiet, but steady.

Fair Dhollera	3 15-16
The Manchester Market has been firm.	
Tbs. Shirtings	5-7½
8lbs. do.	6-9
40's Mule Twist	0-9½
3 per cent. Consols for account	102⅛
3 per cent. Sterling Loan	100
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	82
4½ per cent. do.	87
5 per cent. French Rentes	114½
Bar Silver	51 5-16
Arrival—Ruby.	

TELEGRAPH LINE REPORT.

(NOVEMBER 15.)

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.
CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.
AMERICA.—*Via* Brest, perfect. *Via* Valentia, perfect. *Via* Direct Cable, perfect.
AUSTRALIA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, perfect.
CHINA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, perfect.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

(Madras time.)

TUESDAY, NIGHT, NOVEMBER 14.

At 10 p.m. .. .. 74·0

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 15.

„ 6 a.m. .. .. 71·5
„ 10 a.m. .. .. 81·7
„ 2 p.m. .. .. 85·5
„ 4 p.m. .. .. 83·6

A MEETING of the Bombay Legislative Council will be held in the Council Hall, Secretariat, on Monday, the 27th instant.

A LARGE number of names have been received from gentlemen intending to be present at the officers' dinner on Saturday, and the committee particularly desire that any intending subscribers who have not already sent in their names may do so at once, otherwise arrangements cannot be made for them.

AT the Fort Police Court, yesterday, Francis Clark, a private of the 4th King's Own Regiment, was charged with shooting and killing a comrade, named Owen Kelly, on Thursday evening last. The evidence given was similar to that recorded at the inquest. The prisoner was committed to take his trial at the next Criminal Sessions, on a charge of culpable homicide amounting to murder.

MR. DAMPIER, Senior Member of the Board of Revenue, Bengal, has returned from furlough, and resumed his appointment, in Calcutta, displacing Mr. Reynolds, who will take his seat in the Viceregal Legislative Council without resuming his permanent appointment in the Bengal Secretariat.

ON Monday evening, the 6th November, Sir Alfred Lyall received the members of the ex-Royal family of Oudh at Government House, Lucknow. The proceedings were of the usual nature, each gentleman being presented separately to His Honour by the Secretaries in attendance; and the reception closed with the customary distribution of *attar* and *pan*.

DURING the month of June last 879 emigrants left Calcutta, about half of whom went to Fiji and the other half to Natal. Of the total number 624 were men and 255 females. As to caste and religion, 186 were Brahmins, 206 agriculturists, 275 low-caste Hindus, 187 Mussulmans, and 25 Hindu artizans.

NOTICE is given in the last *Gazette of India* that in accordance with the provisions of Section 57 of the Indian Emigration Act, 1871, the Governor-General-in-Council is pleased to declare that emigration to the French Colony of Réunion shall cease and be prohibited from the 8th inst. The section quoted runs as follows:—

Whenever the Governor-General-in-Council has reason to believe that in any place to which emigration is lawful under this Act sufficient measures have not been taken for the protection of emigrants immediately upon their arrival in such place or during their residence therein, or for their safe return to India, or to provide a return passage to India for any such emigrants at or about the time at which they are entitled to such return passage, the Governor-General-in-Council may, by notification published in the *Gazette of India*, declare that emigration to such place shall cease and be prohibited from a certain day to be specified in the notification.

THE committee appointed by the Bengal Government, in consequence of complaints as to the quality of the opium sold at the September sales in Calcutta, to inquire into the mode in which the drug is made and packed at the Benares Agency, consists of Mr. Reynolds, of the Board of Revenue, Mr. Monro, Residency Commissioner, and Dr. Warden, chemical analyst. The committee is now sitting at Ghazipore.

THE 10th Hussars have presented a cup to be competed for at polo by the Bengal Cavalry, Punjab Cavalry, and Central India Horse. A committee, composed of Major Shakespear, 12th R. C., Major G. Richardson, 18th R. C., Captain Mackenzie, 9th B. C., has been selected to settle details. Major Richardson is the Honorary Secretary. Entries close on the 15th December, and the contest is to take place on the 15th January next, at Umballa.

MR. WILLIAM CAMERON, F.G.S., who has been prospecting for minerals in the upper reaches of the Pahang River, returned to Singapore on October 21, and reports very favourably of the prospects for working minerals in that territory.

THE survey for the projected line of railway from Raiwind to the banks of the Sultej will be commenced immediately, under the superintendence of Mr. Mervyn Wrench, of the S. P. and D. Railway. As already announced, the line has been sanctioned by Government, and is likely to form a valuable addition to the Provincial Railway System.

LAST year it was found necessary to pass an Act restricting the compounding and dispensing of drugs and medicines in Calcutta to properly qualified persons. Mr. Vincent, late Deputy Commissioner of Police, made some inquiries with a view to ascertaining the exact position of affairs in this important matter in Bombay, the result of which is that a Bill is about to be introduced into the local Legislative Council to provide that "persons keeping shops for the retailing, dispensing, or compounding of poisons or medicinal drugs shall possess a competent practical knowledge of their business." The Act is to be styled the "Bombay Pharmacy Act." We give the Bill and the Statement of Objects and Reasons in another column.

EVEN in India, where the ignorance of the lower classes of the population is so dense, it is surprising to hear of imitations of currency notes printed on calico handkerchiefs being passed as genuine notes; but it appears that such a gross swindle has been effected in Calcutta, and the importation of fabrics impressed with imitations of Government notes is expressly prohibited by a Resolution of the Government of India, just published. The Resolution points out that though the designs, printed on such material, could not impose upon persons who had experience of currency notes, still, as the poorer and more ignorant classes of the people are easily deceived, there is substantial risk of these imitations being used for purposes of deception; and with a view to checkmate such frauds, and in view of the fact that they "might seriously affect the confidence of the poorer classes in currency notes," the importation of such goods is prohibited after the 1st March, 1883. The margin of time is allowed in order that the prohibition may not "render valueless goods which have been manufactured in good faith."

IN reply to the report of the Madras Committee on local self-government, and the Resolution of the Madras Government, to which we called attention the other day, Mr. Mackenzie, Secretary in the Home Department, writes on behalf of the Government of India:—"I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter dated the 20th ultimo, forwarding a copy of a preliminary report by the Committee appointed under the orders of the Government of Madras to consider the question of local self-government in the Madras Presidency, together with the remarks passed by His Excellency the Governor-in-Council thereupon. In reply, I am to convey the thanks of the Governor-General-in-Council to the Government of Madras for the important steps which are being taken by them with a view to carrying out in the Madras Presidency the policy of the Government of India, as laid down in the Resolution of the 18th May, 1882."

THE Shums-ool-Oomra, Amir-i-Kabir of Hyderabad, is following the example of his younger brother, Nawab Ood Dowlah, Vikar-ool-Oomrah, and is taking steps to see something both of his own country and of the world abroad. He passed through Allahabad on Monday with 40 followers *en route* to Lahore. After visiting all the chief towns of interest in Northern India, he will arrive in Calcutta about the second week in December. He will spend some little time in the capital, and will, probably, be granted an interview by the Viceroy. He will afterwards leave India for England. Koorshed Jah, the Amir-i-Kabir, who is of middle age, is described by a contemporary as "one of the old type of nobles. He has not adopted Western habits or acquired a knowledge of the English language; but he has travelled much in the East, and is a man well versed in Oriental learning. He is even now deep in compiling a history of his various journeys; and as he intends visiting Egypt on his way to Europe, he may hereafter give the Mahomedan world his independent opinions upon the present embroglio. He is accompanied by Mr. A. H. Stevens, his English Secretary."

THE Government of India have sanctioned the proposal of the Chief Commissioner of Assam to issue a new Regulation for the control of the Assam Frontier Police, and the text of the Regulation appears in the *Gazette of India*. The sepoys have to perform service of a quasi-military character, and the new rules make them amenable to discipline of a more stringent kind than is usually in vogue in the ordinary police service.

MR. WILLIAM HENRY FLOYD, Telegraph Engineer, Superintendent of the Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company's Telegraphs, has patented improved appliances for electrical intercommunication between passengers, guards, and engine-drivers in railway trains.

MAJOR-GENERAL D. J. F. NEWALL, R. A. (Bengal retired), has employed his leisure in expounding a scheme for the colonization of the hill ranges of India by soldiers. His main idea is that industrial colonies should be founded in the Himalayas and the Nilgiris, and that the colonists should form a sort of reserve, ready at any moment to throw down their spades and mattocks, and descend on the plains with rifles and bayonets. The author's work is entitled "The Highlands of India strategically considered with special reference to their colonization as Reserve Circles, Military, Industrial, and Sanitary."

SAYS the *Englishman*:—It was notified before the late war that the order issued some time ago by the Duke of Cambridge prohibiting officers—staff or regimental—from acting as newspaper correspondents when on active service, would be strictly enforced, and accordingly no formal connexion between any officer on service and a newspaper was permitted. Nevertheless, the prohibition practically was little more than nominal, and many newspapers, both in England and India, published series of letters which they did not receive from specially attached correspondents. The matter is one which, perhaps, concerns newspapers themselves rather than their readers, but when a prohibition of this kind is issued, it seems desirable that it should be obeyed in the spirit as well as in the letter.

THE Government of India desire that the cultivation of the Japan pea, or soy bean, a valuable article of food, should be extended in India, and have directed that experiments should be made in suitable places. Some attempts made at Mussoorie and Charjuri, N.-W. P., were not satisfactory. At Mussoorie 1lb. of seed was sown, and not a single seed germinated; at Charjuri 2lbs. were sown and 2lbs. 12 oz. were produced. The Government of India give notice that a fresh supply of seed will be procured from Japan for distribution to such local Governments and Administrations as may wish to try the experiment.

THE frequent occurrence, of late years, of destructive fires in Calcutta jute presses, is leading to inquiry as to whether some means cannot be found for mitigating the evil. The *Indian Daily News* writes:—"So far as we know, there are at present no special means used for promptly checking the spread of fire in buildings of this kind in Calcutta. It is evident that something of the sort is necessary. There are two systems known, either of which might probably be found of the greatest service in a jute screw concern. The one consists in a series of perforated pipes and sprinklers which, on the occurrence of a fire, automatically discharge water in fine jets or spray into the room affected. The supply would, of course, be obtained from a large roof tank, kept constantly full; and the application of this system would probably in most cases, if efficiently kept up, narrow the damage done to a little jute burnt, and a quantity slightly injured by water. The plan is, however, subject to the evident disadvantage that it can never be worked in the way of trial, and that there is consequently little guarantee of the good condition of the various fittings in the moment of danger. The other system consists in the introduction of steam in large quantities into the burning room or warehouse, and this is effected by a system of steam piping led from the boilers and controlled by outside valves. Steam is most effective in extinguishing fire, and its special use under these circumstances has the advantage of emptying the boilers at a moment when their relief may be necessary to the safety of all concerned. The fittings are very simple and inexpensive, and can scarcely get out of order; and it really does seem as if a little money spent in this way might, with a prompt application of the apparatus, have saved not only the Camperdown Press on Friday, but some, or perhaps all, of the previously unfortunate presses."

THE Russian Government are bringing forward a new loan through the house of Baring Brothers. The circumstances under which this loan is being floated, a London correspondent remarks, do not speak well for the credit of Russian finance. In fact, the conditions of their loan remind us of some of the most prodigal incidents in the history of the unspeakable Turk. For instance, while the amount of the loan is £8,904,200, the actual cash obtained by the Russian Government will only be £4,897,000. The bonds are redeemable at par within 70 years, and in addition to the interest of 5½ per cent per annum, the holders of the bonds will share in what is virtually a lottery, with bonuses of £9 for every £20 held.

MILITARY NEWS.

A CAMP OF EXERCISE at Meean Meer is talked of for next month. In that case, among the regiments likely to be present are the Carabiniers and the 10th Bengal Cavalry, and a battery of artillery from Sialkote.

THE formation of another Volunteer Rifle Corps is sanctioned, this time for Furrukhabad. Major Mackenzie, R. A., Superintendent of the Gun Carriage Factory, is to be the Commandant, and the corps will be attached to the 2nd Battalion, N.-W. P. and Oudh, for administrative purposes. "As an up-country paper remarks, the volunteer movement, fostered by a prudent Government, is rapidly gaining strength and coherence."

A DETACHMENT of the 1st Battalion, Royal Welsh Fusiliers, from Chukrata, has arrived at Dum-Dum. The party is in command of a field officer, and is in course of taking over the European barracks at Dum-Dum from the 1st Battalion Border Regiment, which was to march, under the command of Lieut.-Colonel J. D. Dyson Laurie, yesterday (the 15th instant) for Agra. Detachments from the 2nd Battalion Royal Warwickshire Regiment, and from the 17th Bengal (the Loyal Poorbeah) Native Infantry from Fort William are now at Dum-Dum, undergoing the usual annual course of musketry.

THE BENGAL CAVALRY IN EGYPT.

THE Bengal Cavalry went through most of the fighting that there was. And they used their opportunities in a manner that has had much to do with the making of the reputation of this "Indian Contingent" in the campaign. It was the Bengal Cavalry under General Wilkinson that conducted the daily reconnaissances about Kassassin, reconnaissances which constituted the best and almost the only source of information regarding the enemy. Not only were the Indian horses found better suited for the work than the heavier English animals, but the sowar was discovered to be more intelligent at it than the English trooper. It was to the resistance made by a picket of the 13th Bengal Lancers that, in the opinion of many competent judges, General Graham owed the salvation of his camp when the Egyptian army attacked him on the 9th September. It was a squadron of the 6th B. C. that took Zagazig; and finally it should not be forgotten that the bulk of the force that made the march on Cairo were Bengal Cavalry.—*Englishman.*

SUPPOSED GRIEVANCE OF THE INDIAN CONTINGENT.

IN reference to the treatment of the Indian troops in Egypt, a correspondent, in the *Pioneer*, reviews the situation as follows:—The Indian troops were not, and could not be, a division. Sir Garnet very properly always spoke of them as the Indian contingent. A division may be either an infantry division, or a cavalry division. The force under Sir Herbert Macpherson consisted of one infantry brigade and one cavalry brigade. It was therefore not a division, but a mixed detachment which was perfectly certain to be broken up on reaching the front. You may remember the similar case of Stewart's mixed contingent of Bengal troops in the Abyssinian Campaign. There, there were two battalions of infantry and two regiments of cavalry, sent from the Bengal Presidency under a Brigadier-General to their own. It was a perfectly impossible force to keep together, and was necessarily broken up on arrival at the seat of war. But you will say "why send a General of Division to command a body of troops that, although equal to a division in strength, must be broken up before they can be utilised?" Why indeed! However, in this case, there is some excuse. The Indian authorities very rightly proposed at first to send an Infantry Division, with its ordinary complement of one cavalry regiment (Division Cavalry). Then the home people said—"we have enough infantry, but require cavalry, please alter your arrangements accordingly." At the same time it was more than hinted that the Indian troops would be only required to hold Suez and the line of the canal as far as Ismailia. If they had done so, Sir Herbert would have had an independant command appropriate to his rank, and the Indian troops would have had the gratification of being altogether! As it was, they played a far more glorious part. Is it on account of their good fortune in this matter that they are to grumble and feel themselves aggrieved? What really happened was this—Sir Garnet Wolseley, having determined to shift his base to Ismailia, the 1st Division was brought round and disembarked there. Probably the General intended to push on with it at once; but delays caused by want of transport, &c., permitted Arabi, with his full command of the railways, to become aware of the movement, and to concentrate on the threatened line. Sir Garnet was therefore compelled to call to him the Highland Brigade, leaving only one Brigade in Alexandria. Here you will observe is a *real* division broken up, and its brigades separated by a very great distance. No one, however, has at present discovered any injustice in this arrangement. In the meantime the Indian Contingent had been brought up to Alexandria. Its cavalry was most rightly united with the British Cavalry Brigade to form a cavalry division. I may remark here, parenthetically, that this was almost certainly intended from the first, and that all cavalry soldiers who have studied the working of their arm, were delighted to see the abominable and antiquated system of cavalry brigades attached to infantry divisions (as in Afghanistan) abandoned for an independent cavalry division, by which organization about twice as much good is got out of the same number of men and horses. The Cavalry Brigade of the Indian troops was naturally used to replace, as far as possible, the brigade of the 2nd Division left in Alexandria. And it would have been much better if it had been united with the Highlanders to form a combined division. To do so however would have left Sir Herbert Macpherson without any command at all, unless indeed he had been given charge of the division, in which case there would have been a howl from another quarter, however, I hope I have said enough to show that their was no injustice shown to Sir H. Macpherson, or his force. As to the Indian troops having to take all the posts on line communications, it must be remembered that that is what they were told to expect, and what is censurable here was the leaving of detachments from each battalion, in order that the Colonels and headquarters of all might be present at a battle. But for this Sir Garnet was not responsible.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER REPORT.

CALCUTTA, NOV. 14.—The rise of the barometer reported in the north and north-west yesterday has extended to all places except the extreme south, and in Bengal it has been very brisk. The wind is still northerly and north-easterly over the Bay of Bengal, and the sky over the surrounding coasts is cloudless or nearly so, except at Akyab and False Point. At Negapatam the sea is rough. There has been, as shown by our reports, a complete absence of rain over the whole country.

THE WEATHER ALONG THE COAST.

DAILY TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER REPORT.

(15TH NOVEMBER 1882.)

THE following information regarding the state of the weather at different ports round the coast and Kurrachee to Madras is compiled from the latest returns received by telegram at the Meteorological Office:—

STATIONS.	Barometer. At 10 a.m. reduced to 32° F. and Sea-level.	Barometer. Reading at 10 a.m.	Wind. Direction and force.	Wind. Mean velocity.	Rain.
	Ins.	Degs.		Miles.	Ins.
Kurrachee ...	30·143	84·0	ENE	11	0·00
Surat	·068	81·6	E	9	0·00
Bombay	·013	81·7	E	12	0·00
Ratnagiri	29·992	81·6	NE strong	..	0·00
Karwar	29·975	78·1	NE fresh	..	0·00
Mangalore ..	·964	85·0	ESE	3	0·00
Calicut	·961	82·7	Calm.	0	0·00
Cochin	·962	81·1	N	1	0·35
Masulipatam.	30·044	79·8	ENE	8	0·00
Madras	29·987	74·3	NE	12	1·55
Negapatam ..	·924	80·9	NW	10	0·00

CROP AND WEATHER REPORT.

THE following are the reports of the Agricultural Department on the state of the season and prospects of the crops throughout India:—

GENERAL REMARKS.—There has been light rain in the Madras Presidency, the Mysore State and in British Burma. In Coorg heavy showers have been injurious to the rice crop coming into flower. In the Nizams's territories, in the Central Provinces, in Bengal, and in Assam slight rain has fallen in a few districts. Harvest operations are still in progress in parts of the Madras Presidency, Mysore, Bombay Presidency, Central Provinces, North-Western Provinces and Oudh, Central India, Rajputana, and Punjaub.

Standing crops are on the whole in good condition throughout the country. More rain would, however, be beneficial in part of the Madras Presidency, of the Deccan and Kaladgi, and in two districts in Oudh.

Sowings of rabi crops are still in progress in the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, in the Punjab, and in Rajputana and Central India, and have been nearly completed in Bengal, Central Province, Bombay Presidency, Berar, and the Nizam's Territories.

In the Bombay Presidency locusts are now leaving Nasik and Ahmednagar, but are doing damage in Poona and Satara.

Madras.—General prospects good.

Bombay.—Harvesting kharif and sowing rabi completed in some districts, in progress in the rest; rain urgently wanted for rabi in parts of Deccan and in Kaladgi; locusts leaving Nasik and Ahmednagar, and doing damage in Poona and Satara districts; fever and cattle-disease in some districts; slight cholera and small-pox in a few.

Bengal.—Rain fell in many districts during the week, it was not very considerable in any part and did little or no harm to the crops; aman rice and sugarcane generally doing well, but the latter crop will be short in several places owing to scanty rainfall in July and August; cultivation for rabi crops progressing favourably, and the crops already sown are growing well; fever prevalent in several districts, particularly in Nuddea, where deaths are said to be increasing; cases of cholera still reported from some districts.

N. W. Provinces and Oudh.—No rain; rain wanted in Lucknow and parts of Sitapur; kharif harvest and rabi sowing progressing; prices stationary; cholera continues in Rae Bareli and Partabarh, but is disappearing elsewhere; cattle-disease continues in four districts.

Punjab.—The health of the province generally good; slight fever still prevails in the Rawalpindi, Dera Ismail Khan, and Peshawar districts; the crop prospects are generally good.

Central Provinces.—Slight rain in some districts; weather clear and pleasant; rabi sowings approaching completion; reaping of kharif crops going on; fever still reported; prices steady.

British Burma.—Public health generally good; a few cases of cholera in Kyoukphyoo, Tavoy, Henzada, and Tounghoo; crop prospects good; rains nearly over.

Assam—Cachar, Nov. 8th.—Weather cloudy and still unseasonably warm; prospects of sali crop good; common rice 25⅞ seers per rupee; two cases of cholera reported from Katigora.

Mysore and Coorg.—Reports in regard to crops, prospects of season, and public health are favourable from all parts; agricultural operations continue active; prices easy—rice 11 to 15 seers, and ragi 35 to 40 seers per rupee.

Berar and Hyderabad—(Hyderabad).—Total rainfall from 1st January 30·91; reaping of kharif and sowing of rabi in progress; cattle-disease prevails in two taluks; no sickness; prices—wheat 16⅔, common rice 11, white juari 28½, yellow juari 33⅓, and tur 25⅓ seers per current sicca rupee.

Central India States—Indore.—Weather seasonable; health good; prospects of crops good; prices steady.

Rajputana—Ajmere.—Kharif crops reaped; rabi sowings progressing; health good.

Nepal—Katmandu, Nov. 2nd.—State of agricultural prospects good; beautiful weather.

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ELLWOOD'S PUNJAB HAT.
A New Soft Felt Double Hat.
Can be worn doubly or singly.

ELLWOOD'S PUNJAB HAT.
"So cunningly devised that the outer one fits on to the inner one in such a manner as to entirely conceal the duplicate and yet not so closely as to prevent a very free access of air between the two."—*Morning Post*, March 3, 1881.

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With perfect Air-Chamber.
Similar advantages to the celebrated

ELLWOOD HELMETS.

ELLWOOD'S PUNJAB HAT.
CAUTION.—Purchasers must see name of Makers, "ELLWOOD'S," and Trade Mark (lion rampant) in each hat

LICENSES FOR CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS.

THE following Bill, together with the statement of objects and reasons accompanying it, is published in accordance with Rule 15 of the Rules for the conduct of Business at Meetings of the Council of His Excellency the Governor of Bombay for making Laws and Regulations:—

Bill No. 8 of 1882.

A Bill to regulate the Sale of Poisons and Drugs.

Whereas it is expedition for the safety of the public that persons keeping open shops for the retailing, dispensing, or compounding of poisons or medicinal drugs should possess a competent practical knowledge of the business, it is enacted as follows:—

1. This Act may be cited as the "Bombay Pharmacy Act, 1882," and it shall come into force on such day as the Governor in Council directors by Notification in the *Bombay Government Gazette*.

On and after such date the provisions of this Act shall come into force only in the City of Bombay, but may at any time after such date be extended to any town or place in the Presidency of Bombay by an order to that effect of the Governor in Council published in the *Government Gazette* not less than thirty days before such extension.

2. From and after the date on which the Act shall come into force it shall be unlawful for any person to sell or keep open shop for retailing, dispensing, or compounding poisons or medicinal drugs, or to assume or use the title "chemist and druggist," chemist or druggist, or pharmacist, or pharmaceutical chemist, or dispensing chemist or druggist, or to employ any assistant for dispensing or compounding drugs, unless such person or assistant shall—(*a*) have passed the first examination (including the subject of Materia Medica and Pharmacy) for, or be in possession of, a medical or surgical diploma or license from a recognized licensing body, and further be registered in the manner provided in section 3 of this Act; (*b*) or be registered under the British Pharmacy Act, 1868; (*c*) or be a chemist and druggist within the meaning of this Act; (*d*) or be registered under the provisions of section 7 of this Act.

3. Any person belonging to and included in class (*a*) of the foregoing section carrying on business at the time of the coming into force of this Act as "chemist and druggist" or chemist or druggist in the keeping of open-shop for the retailing, dispensing, or compounding of drugs, or any assistant of such person shall, within thirty days of the coming into force of this Act, register his name at the office of the Police Commissioner in the register to be kept for the purpose in the manner hereinafter provided; and every such person not engaged in such business at the time of the coming into force of this Act, or who being so engaged in such business at the time of the coming into force of the Act fails to register himself within the said period of thirty days, shall forthwith before commencing or carrying on such business register his name in the register above mentioned.

4. Chemists and druggists within the meaning of this Act shall consist of all persons not belonging to, or included in, classes (*a*), (*b*) and (*d*) of section 2 of this Act, who at the time of the coming into force of this Act are carrying on the business of a "chemist and druggist," or chemist or druggist, in the keeping of open shop for the retailing, dispensing, or compounding of drugs, and also of all assistant of such persons, and who shall be registered as "chemists and druggists" or chemists or druggists, in the manner hereinafter provided.

5. For the purposes of registering persons, as required by the last preceding section, it shall be lawful for the Governor in Council to appoint a Committee consisting of—

The Medical Store-keeper to Government, the Chemical Analyser to Government, any person of the classes mentioned in (*a*), (*b*) of section 2 whom Government may select and who shall be Secretary of the Committee; and such Committee shall, within six months from the date on which this Act comes into force, inspect the shops kept by the said persons and make such examination of the said persons as to their practical knowledge of their business as the Committee may deem to be necessary and suitable.

6. As soon as the inspection and examination required by the last preceding section shall have been completed, the Committee shall draw up a list of all such persons whom they deem to possess a competent practical knowledge of their business and qualified to carry on business as "chemists and druggists," or chemists and druggists or to be assistants of "chemists and druggists." or of chemists or druggists; and the names of all such persons shall be forthwith forwarded to the Commissioner of Police, who shall enter the names in the register to be kept for the purpose in the manner hereinafter provided, and all such persons shall be deemed to registered chemists and druggists within the meaning of this Act. Provided that no person, who may have undergone the examination and inspection provided for in the last preceding section, shall be excluded from the said list as disqualified to carry on business as a chemist and druggist without the sanction previously obtained of the Surgeon-General to Government; and, provided that any person contemplated in section 4 of this Act who shall fail from any reason to undergo the examination and inspection provided for in the last preceding section, may, on passing the first examination referred to in section 8 of this Act, be registered as a chemist and druggist within the meaning of this Act.

7. Any person not already engaged in such business, who after the date on which this Act comes into force, may be desirous of commencing business as a "chemist and druggist" or chemist or druggist, or to be an assistant of a "chemist and druggist" or of a chemist or druggist, shall be entitled to be registered under this Act on obtaining a certificate of qualification in the manner hereinafter provided.

8. For the purpose of registering persons as required by the last preceding section, the Government shall appoint a Committee of Examiners consisting of—the Medical Store-keeper to Government, the Chemical Analyser to Government, such person mentioned in (*a*), (*b*) of section 2 whom Government may appoint, and who shall be Secretary of the Committee, who shall have full power and authority and are hereby authorized and empowered to examine by preliminary and final examination all persons who shall present themselves for any such examination as to their knowledge of all such subjects as may from time to time be prescribed by Government, and to grant to the persons who may pass the final examination certificates of qualification in the form of Schedule A. of this Act, or to refuse the same.

It shall be lawful for Government to fix the time and place once for all at which such examinations shall be held by Notification in the *Bombay Government Gazette*, and to alter or cancel such Notification:

Provided that no such Notification shall be published less than three months before any examination to be held under this Act shall take place; and that no person who has passed the preliminary examination shall be admitted for the final examination until a period of three years shall have elapsed from the date on which he passed the preliminary examination and upon his producing a certificate signed by not less than two persons of classes (*a*) and (*b*) mentioned in section 2 of this Act that he has been continuously engaged or employed in the dispensing and compounding of drugs during the said period of three years.

9. For the purpose of registration under the provisions of this Act, shall be kept in the office, of the Commissioner of Police and that officer, or some other officer to whom he may delegate the duty, shall register the names of all persons entered in the list as qualified in the manner provided in section 6 of this Act, or who shall produce before him certificates of qualification granted under the last proviso of section 6 or under section 7 of this Act.

10. From after the date on which this Act comes into force any person who shall sell or keep open shop for the retailing, dispensing, or compounding of poisonous medical drugs, or who shall use, or exhibit the name or title of "chemist and druggist," or chemist or druggist, pharmaceutist, or pharmaceutical chemist, who is not included within any of the classes (*a*), (*b*), (*c*), (*d*) of section 2 of this Act shall, for every such offence, be liable, on conviction before a Magistrate, to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees: Provided that any person who at the time of the coming into force of the Act is carrying on business as a "chemist and druggist" or chemist or druggist in the keeping of open shop for retailing, dispensing and compounding of drugs, and any assistant of such person, shall not be liable to any penalty for carrying on such business until, if he belong to class (*a*) mentioned in section 2 of this Act, the expiration of thirty days from the coming into force of this Act, or, if he shall have undergone the examination and inspection provided for in section 5 of this Act, until he shall have been declared disqualified to carry on such business; and, provided that no such person who may have failed to register himself in the manner provided in section 3 of this Act shall be liable to any penalty for carrying on such business until, if he belongs

SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON AND COMPANY

SALE OF COMMISSARIAT PROVISION, &c.

THIS DAY, THURSDAY, the 16th instant, at 1 p. m., Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON and Co. will sell by public auction at Prince's Dock by order of the Executive Commissariat Officer, at the Presidency, a quantity of provision, &c.

AUCTION SALE of unserviceable stores, iron castings, meters, pickaxes, leather hose, cane baskets, &c., &c.

Under instructions from the Municipal Commissioner for the city of Bombay, Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON and Co. will sell by public auction, at the Municipal Workshop Compound, Horse-bunder, on Monday the 27th instant, at 1-30 p.m., the following unserviceable stores:—Pickaxes, powras, iron galvanized buckets, cane baskets, leather and canvas hoses, brass ferrules, kerosine empty cans, lead pipe pieces, fittings of water meter of sizes, barrels, rammers, &c., &c.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO.

Bombay, 16th November, 1882.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 3, APOLLO-STREET.

On SATURDAY, the 18th instant, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sale by public auction at their rooms, a quantity of grey and other piece-goods, &c.

A semi-grand second-hand piano.

AT 1 P. M.

A handsome Victoria, nearly new, of the latest fashion with moveable coachbox.

4 handsome polo ponies, just arrived from Kattiawar.

1 second-hand English-built landau with handsome grey Arab horse and harness.

1 handsome C. B. hunter "Schaute Ali," a splendid pig-sticker, has been through almost every run with the Bombay hounds for the last two seasons without ever having an accident, perfectly quiet in harness, and a most enjoyable lady's hack.

AUCTION SALE of sweepings, old papers, &c., at the G. I. P. Railway Goods Depot, Wari-bunder.

On MONDAY, the 20th instant, at 2 p. m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by public auction at the abovementioned place—

A quantity of grain sweepings, old papers, &c., &c.

AUCTION SALE OF JAPAN WARE.

On a day to be fixed hereafter, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell on commission at their rooms, an invoice of 25 cases Japan ware, consisting of handsome awata shippo vases, awata shippo pots and covers, awata shippo jars and covers, awata tea sets, &c., &c.

On a day to be fixed hereafter, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by public auction at the old *Bombay Gazette*, Meadow-street, a large quantity of hanging and table kerosine lamps, rich tea and dessert sets, plated ware, writing desks, date boxes, and tea caddies, and sundry samples of glassware, &c., &c. The full particulars will be given hereafter.

BENNETT & CO.

Bombay, 16th November, 1882.

NOTICES.

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(SUCCESSORS TO COLLETT & CO.
COACH & CARRIAGE BUILDERS,
ESTABLISHED, 1796.
GIRGAUM COACH WORKS,
179, BREACH CANDY ROAD,
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P. GRANT & SON,
SADDLERS
AND
HARNESS-MAKERS
31, MEADOW STREET,
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SCOTT & Co., M.R.C.V.S.,
...RGEONS.
...CERTIFICATES,
...Verbal Opinion, Rs. 5;
...mission sale, Rs. 35 per
...Commission on Horses
...commissions towards
...best our best attention,
...harness, in the yard,
...horse shoeing Forge is
...ully practical English
...done.

...NS OR WORM-
...S.
...SWEETMEAT, both
...shing a most agree-
...g the only certain
...THREAD WORMS,
...preparation, and is
Sold in Bottles by

...CURTIS'S and
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...per case.
...ADUM & Co.,
Sole Agents.

...S BAZAAR:
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...od action.
...office BROUGHAM,
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...stylish BAROUCHE,
by Lewis Fulker, of Salisbury.

A light circular-fronted BROUGHAM, built at the Royal Carriage Gallery of New Bond-street, in London.

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE
PAINKILLER.

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UNSURPASSED AS A FAMILY MEDICINE
AFTER FORTY YEARS' TRIAL.

IT is a purely and carefully prepared VEGETABLE COMPOUND

And a complete mitigator of Pain,
A capital antidote for SCORPION STINGS and SNAKE-BITES.

AS an application for
BRUISES, BURNS,
NEURALGIA and RHEUMATISM.

Has no equal

AS A REMEDY FOR DIARRHŒA,
DYSENTERY,
CHOLERA,

Or any sort of Bowel Complaint, it stands alone for efficiency and rapidity of action.

Full Directions accompany each bottle.

Retailed by chemists all over the world.

Beware of Imitations exposed for sale in the Indian Bazars.

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ESUFALLY HIPTOOLA,
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SULPHOLINE LOTION.—An External Means of CURING SKIN DISEASES. There is scarcely any eruption but will yield to "Sulpholine" in a few days, and continues to fade away even if it seems past cure. Ordinary pimples, redness, blotches, scurf, roughness, vanish as if by magic; whilst old, enduring skin disorders, that have plagued the sufferers for years, however deeply rooted they may be, "Sulpholine" will successfully attack them. It destroys the animalcule which cause these unsightly, irritable, painful affections, and always produces a clear, healthy, natural condition of the skin. "Sulpholine" Lotion is sold by most Chemists. Bottles, 2s. 9d. Made by J. PEPPER and Co., London. Sold by TREACHER and Co.

PEPPER'S QUININE and IRON TONIC strengthens the nervous and muscular system, improves digestion, animates the spirits, recruits the health. For debilitated health from the effect of hot climates this tonic is invaluable.

PEPPER'S QUININE and IRON TONIC rouses and develops the nervous energies, enriches the blood, promotes appetite, dispels langnor and depression, fortifies the digestive organs. Is a specific remedy for neuralgia, ague, indigestion, fevers of every kind, chest affections and in wasting disease, scrofulous tendencies, &c. The whole frame is greatly invigorated by Pepper's Tonic, the mental faculties brightened, the constitution greatly strengthened, and a return to robust health certain. Bottles, 32 doses, 4s. 6d.; next size, 11s. Sold by Chemists everywhere. The name of J. Pepper, Bedford Laboratory, London, must be on the label. There is no Tonic so certain in effect as Pepper's Quinine and Iron. It is strongly recommended to residents in India and the Colonies, and should always be kept ready for use in every case of fever or febrile condition. Sold by TREACHER & Co.

TARAXACUM and PODOPHYLLIN—Prepared only by J. Pepper, London This Fluid combination, extracted from medicinal roots, is now used instead of blue pill and calomel for the cure of dyspepsia, biliousness, and all symptoms of congestion of the liver, which are generally pain beneath the shoulders, headache, drowsiness, no appetite, furred tongue, disagreeable taste in the morning, giddiness, disturbance of the stomach, and feeling of general depression. It sets the sluggish liver in motion, very slightly acts on the bowels, giving a sense of health and comfort within 24 hours. It is the safest medicine. Taraxacum and Podophyllin is a fluid made only by J. PEPPER, Bedford Laboratory, London, whose name is on every label. Bottles, 2s. 9d. and 4s. 6d. Sold by all Chemists. A most valuable and essential medicine for India, Australia, the Cape, and Colonies generally.

LOCKYER'S SULPHUR HAIR-RESTORER will darken grey hair, and in a few days completely bring back the natural colour. The effect is superior to that produced by an instantaneous dye, and does not injure the skin.

LOCKYER'S SULPHUR HAIR-RESTORER is the best for restoring grey hair to its former colour. It produces a perfectly natural shade, and is absolutely harmless. Recommended for destroying scurf and encouraging growth of new hair.

LOCKYER'S SULPHUR HAIR-RESTORER.—No other hair dressing is requisite. Large Bottles, 4s. 6d. Sold by Chemists, Hair-dressers, and Perfumers in London, and throughout the world.

Lockyer's is equal to any of the high-priced preparations. Sold by TREACHER & Co.

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DR. KING'S DANDELION and QUININE LIVER PILLS (without Mercury.)

THE BEST REMEDY FOR BILIOUSNESS, STOMACH DERANGEMENT, FLATULENCE, PAINS BETWEEN THE SHOULDER'S, BAD APPETITE, INDIGESTION, ACIDITY, HEAD-ACHE, HEARTBURN, and all other symptoms of disordered liver and dyspepsia. Acknowledged by many eminent surgeons to be the safest and mildest pills for every constitution.

In Boxes at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., and 4s. 6d.

Sold by Chemists and Medicine Vendors throughout the world. Prepared by Jas. Rorke, London.

Specially valuable Pills for residents abroad and travellers.

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SARSAPARILLA.
Wilkinson's Essence or Fluid Extract of
RED JAMAICA SARSAPARILLA

Is the ONLY PREPARATION RECOGNISED by the FACULTY as a WONDERFUL PURIFIER of the HUMAN BLOOD.

It is not too much to say that those suffering from the effects of TROPICAL CLIMATES, such as TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY, ATTENUATION of BODY, ERUPTIONS, LASSITUDE, &c., will, by taking this extraordinary ESSENCE of RED JAMAICA SARSAPARILLA, soon find relief and ultimately a cure. It is asserted by those who take a little DAILY the system becomes less liable to attacks of illness.

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The late Lord Clyde, writing for a further supply of *Wilkinson's Sarsaparilla*, says, "I am never without it, for when feeling depressed or out of sorts from anxiety or fatigue, a dose or two animates me."
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CAUTION.—Many spurious, worthless, and injurious preparations are offered to the Public; see that both Bottle and Label have the Name and Address, also Trade Mark W. in a diamond) at the bottom of the bottle
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BRONCHIO-THORACIC LOZENGES.

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THE ORIGINAL and ONLY GENUINE.

ADVICE TO INVALIDS.—If you wish to obtain quiet, refreshing sleep, free from headache, relief from pain and anguish, to calm and assuage the weary achings of protracted disease, invigorate the nervous media, and regulate the circulating systems of the body, you will provide yourself with that marvellous remedy discovered by Dr. J. Collis Browne (late Army Medical Staff), to which he gave the name of CHLORODYNE, and which is admitted by the profession to be the most wonderful and valuable remedy ever discovered.

CHLORODYNE is the best remedy known for Coughs, Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma.

CHLORODYNE acts like a charm in Diarrhœa, and is the only specific in Cholera and Dysentery.

CHLORODYNE effectually cuts short all attacks of Epilepsy, Hysteria, Palpitation, and Spasms.

CHLORODYNE is the only palliative in Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, Cancer, Toothache, Meningitis, &c.

From Symes & Co., Pharmaceutical Chemists, Medical Hall, Simla, January 5, 1880, to J. T. Davenport, Esq., 33, Great Russell Street, Bloomsbury, London. Dear Sir,—We embrace this opportunity of congratulating you upon the widespread reputation this justly esteemed medicine, Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne, has earned for itself, not only in Hindostan, but all over the East. As a remedy of general utility, we much question whether a better is imported into the country, and we shall be glad to hear of its finding a place in every Anglo-Indian home. The other brands, we are happy to say, are now relegated to the native bazaars, and judging from their sale, we fancy their sojourn there will be but evanescent. We could multiply instances of *infinitum* of the extraordinary efficacy of Dr. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne in Diarrhœa and Dysentery, Spasms, Cramps, Neuralagia, the Vomiting of Pregnancy, and as a general sedative, that have occurred under our personal observation during many years. In Choleraic Diarrhœa, and even in the more terrible forms of Cholera itself, we have witnessed its surprisingly controlling power. We have never used any other form of this medicine than Collis Browne's from a firm conviction that it is decidedly the best, and also from a sense of duty we owe to the profession and the public, as we are of opinion that the substitution of any other than Collis Browne's is a DELIBERATE BREACH OF FAITH ON THE PART OF THE CHEMIST TO PRESCRIBER AND PATIENT ALIKE. We are, Sir, faithfully yours, Symes & Co., Members of the Pharm. Society of Great Britain, His Excellency the Viceroy's Chemists.

CAUTION.—Vice-Chancellor Sir W. Page Wood stated that Dr. J. Collis Browne was, undoubtedly, the Inventor of Chlorodyne; that the story of the defendant Freeman was deliberately untrue, which, he regretted to say, had been sworn to.—See "The Times," July 13, 1864.

Sold in bottles at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., and 11s. each. None is genuine without the words "Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne" on the Government stamp. Overwhelming medical testimony accompanies each bottle.

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DISEASES OF THE CHEST CURED.

—Messrs. Grimault and Co.,—I am happy to inform you that my son, brought close to his grave through *consumptive disease*, has been completely cured by the use of your SYRUP OF HYPOPHOSPHITE OF LIME. He has regained flesh, and his appetite is better than ever.

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Renowned Physicians prescribe GRIMAULT'S MATICO as the most active and at the same time the most inoffensive remedy in the treatment of ACUTE AND CHRONIC DISEASES. It has not, like COPAIBA, the inconvenience of giving NAUSEAS. The Injection is used in recent, and the Capsules in the more chronic cases.

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I have, for some past years, been a great sufferer from *spasmodic asthma*. A friend kindly sent me a box of GRIMAULT'S INDIAN CIGARETTES; I found them quite effectual, and much more agreeable and less irritating than the other preparations of that kind hitherto known.

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Messrs. Grimault and Co.,—Moved by a feeling of deep gratitude, I offer you my sincerest thanks for the good you have done in vulgarising GUARANA. For many years I have endured fearful *headaches*; if I am now able to state that I am radically cured, I owe it to Guarana.

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SYMPATHETIC PIANOS,
MANUFACTURED TO ORDER, EXPRESSLY FOR INDIA, BY
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GUARANTEED TO WITHSTAND THE SEVEREST TEST OF CLIMATE.

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GENTLEMEN,—In reply to your inquiry as to whether the Whiskey you are supplying to this Club is approved by the Members, the best answer I can give is that the consumption of this Whiskey in the Club has GREATLY INCREASED since it has been supplied by your firm. There can be no doubt whatever about the Whiskey being MOST EXCELLENT. It is Old and Soft, and I may safely say that it is much approved by the Members.

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CAUTION.—It has come to the knowledge of the Shippers of the "CARLTON" WHISKIES, that the empty Bottles have been dishonestly refilled with the poisonous trash very often sold in India under the name of Whiskey, this is therefore to caution consumers to CAREFULLY EXAMINE the CORKS and CAPSULES to see they have not been tampered with; also that the Corks, Capsules, and Labels are branded with their Trade Mark.

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NEW FRENCH FLOWERS,
NEW FRENCH FEATHERS,
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THE QUALITY AND PRICE CANNOT BE EQUALLED.

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IN GOLD AND SILVER CASES,
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These watches have been tested in a lighted stove and also under freezing point, and their maximum variation is LESS than thirty seconds PER MONTH IN ANY TEMPERATURE.

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Twelve Sizes of Plain, or Engraved. Size	No.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Plain	Rs.	23	26	30	33	38	42	48	54	60	66	80	95
Engraved	Rs.	25	28	33	36	42	46	52	58	64	72	85	100

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A great variety of very pretty designs, enamelled, "Forget-me-nots," Pearls, Brilliants, &c., &c priced from Rs. 45 to 500.

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We have just received a large supply of Gold Necklaces and Collarettes, of the newest and most elegant desigus; the "Empress" Band Collarette, and other graceful patterns. Price from Rs. 90 to Rs. 480.

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GOLD PRIZE MEDAL, LONDON EXHIBITION, 1873.

BOTTLED in Shippers' own Bonded Stores, Edinburgh, under the supervision of H. M.'s Custome Each bottle guaranteed to contain the sixth part of an imperial gallon; each case of twelve bottles, two imperial gallons.

The above is the only registered brand of Glenlivet or Old Vatted Glenlivet Whisky being offered in India.

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AGENTS FOR THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY.

Cash. Rs.		Credit. Rs.
21	... Old Vatted Glenlivet	... 22
23	... Old Vatted Glenlivet, Special Reserve	... 24

ZOEDONE! ZOEDONE!
A COOL, SPARKLING, DELICIOUS, NON-ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE FOR DAILY USE.

ZOEDONE—Possesses both Tonic and Bracing qualities.
ZOEDONE—Invaluable to those recovering from Fever.
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ZOEDONE—Or those suffering from the enervating effects peculiar to the Indian climate.
ZOEDONE—NORMAN KERR, M.D., F.L.S., under date August 8 1881, writes:—
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"Its properties are those of an agreeable effervescent tonic."
ZOEDONE—SYED MAHOMED NABI ULLAH, of Allahabad, N.W.P. writes on 1st December, 1881, as follows:—
"Accept my sincere thanks for your idea of introducing ZOEDONE in India. I fear I cantno praise it enough. You know that a vast population of Her Majesty's subjects in India are Mahomedans, whose religion prohibits the use of wine or any other intoxicating liquor. Under such circumstances ZOEDONE is a boon and blessing to them. I think it is a health restoring, strengthening and nourishing beverage. From my own experience and from what I have ascertained from Medical men, I can certify that it is strictly non-alcoholic, and the very drink that the Indians generally and the Mussulmans particularly are in need of."

Price at Agents' warehouses, at Ports of Landing, Rs. 3 per dozen, in cases of 6 dozen pints.

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An early inspection is requested.
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GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.

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COSTS LESS THAN FOUR PIE FOR ONE GALLON.
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Also—EPPS'S CHOCOLATE ESSENCE, for Afternoon use.

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